

Coffman & Owen
HARDWARE and TINNERS
PHONE NO. 279

THE EVENING NEWS

M. LEVIN
NEW and SECOND HAND
FURNITURE

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

VOLUME 4

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 24 1907

NUMBER 81

Kirchbaum Clothing

Manns's Shoes

All America Shoes

Julian Kokenge Oxfords

Little Red School Shoes
for children

Eagle Shirts

Regent Shirts.

Straw Hats

Panama Hats

COX--GREER--McDONALD CO.

HAS FAITH IN

K. C. L. & P.

Contractor King Says Ada's Fourth
Railroad Will Be Built.

R. F. King and W. A. Parker, well known contractors who formerly had headquarters in Ada, are here from Muskogee.

Mr. King who has a contract to furnish the ties and other timber for construction of the much projected K. C. L. & P., expresses considerable faith in the eventual building of that road. He says it would have been under construction long ago but for the unfavorable conditions which

have retarded railroad development the country over of late.

BRYAN AT SULPHUR

Many Will Hear Him Wednesday--
Special Train.

John Casteel was here from Sulphur promoting the big chautauqua at that place. It begins with W. J. Bryan Wednesday, at which time an enormous crowd is expected. The Frisco will run an excursion train leaving Holdenville at 6 a. m., Ada at 7:15, and arriving at Sulphur 9:30; returning will leave Sulphur at 8:30 p. m.; one and one-third fare the round trip. Bryan will speak at 10 a. m. A number of Ada people are planning to go and hear the great orator.

Something Needed Portland Park Addition

Lots near the big Cement Plant to accommodate the hundreds of laborers to be employed in this great industry. This need has been met by laying out the Portland Park Addition just west of the cement plant. Lots are 30 feet by 140, with 60-foot streets and 20-foot alleys. Prices of lots are from \$20 to \$30. Terms, \$5 down and \$2 per month. A large reservoir is to be built on the north side by the cement company which will afford boating and fishing.

The Title is Perfect and the Location Sightly and Healthful.

Get on Easy Street by Buying Lots in Portland Park.

Homes in the Reach of All in Portland Park Addition.

Plant your Money in Portland Park and let it Grow.

Real Estate is the foundation of wealth--it's safe and sure. Get in on the ground floor at Portland Park

Only room for 80 families in Portland Park while hundreds will be needed. This is the only land that will be available for years.

Have you seen Ada lots advance one hundred and even one thousand per cent, while you waited to see what the town would do? Take a tumble to yourself and buy lots in Portland Park. These lots are being sold at half their real value and on terms within the reach of all.

Ada Title and Trust Co.

Read The News Want Ads.

DRILLING FOR OIL AND GAS

The Big Bit is Biting Into Mother Earth--Ada People Expectant

At ten o'clock Monday morning preparations were completed and actual drilling for oil and gas began out on the Oklahoma Natural Gas Company's lease one mile northeast of town.

The Company has showed considerable confidence in the enterprise, erecting a splendid rig for the work. Chief Driller Sanders will now keep the work steadily going night and day until he reaches results or bores a deep "duster." He expects to get down about 150 feet a day. So, within ten of fifteen days, barring serious accident, there should be a pretty thorough test of the locality.

The rig in readiness was the mecca

of Ada sightseers Sunday. Of course many had never inspected one. They were surprised to see such a big, substantial outfit with its massive timbers, ponderous metals and interminable cables. And a good crowd was present this morning to bid the work Godspeed as it began.

Ada has been impatiently waiting six years for this. Naturally every one is on the qui vive for developments as the bit descends lower and lower. Every body is hopeful of results. Experts believe there is plenty below. A 200 foot well near by has revealed unmistakable signs of it. Surface indications are most encouraging. Everybody hopes for a gusher.

FOR SAFER RAILROAD TRAVEL

President Roosevelt and Governors Asked to Aid in Campaign.

Kansas City, Mo., June 24.—President Roosevelt and the governors of several states have been asked to aid the National Union of Railway Trackmen in a campaign for greater safety in railway travel. J. I. Sheppard of Fort Scott, Kan., secretary of the organization Saturday sent out a letter to the president and several governors, in which he says:

"If we can obtain the co-operation of those interested we would have as safe condition of railroad travel as in Europe. We should certainly have either government or state inspection

of railway tracks. Someone should be held responsible to the people for keeping the tracs in proper repair and properly parolled.

"It is a curious condition of affairs, but it is true. We have state inspection of factories and mines, of beer barbers, and dentists; there is a state control over the product of the busy bee and the farmer who raises wheat must pay a state inspection fee before he can market his grain. But there is no law that is observed that provides for the inspection of railroad tracks.

CROP CONDITIONS IMPROVING

Throughout the Cotton Belt a Fine Week for Growth--Rain Retards in Oklahoma

Memphis, Tenn., June 24.—The Commercial Appeal today will print the following summary of crop conditions compiled from reports received from its special correspondents throughout the cotton belt:

The cotton crop made material advances during the week. An important step forward has been made in cultivation and, except a few scattering localities, the crop is clean and in an excellent state of cultivation for the season. An exception to this is the state of Oklahoma, where rains during the week kept labor from the fields.

Correspondents note that the plant, though still quite small, is healthy and in condition to respond well to favorable future conditions, should such occur. The crop is still two to four weeks late, however, according to locality, and in many sections of the central and eastern cotton belt the poor stands have not been remedied. The older planted cotton in the southern districts is fruiting, blooms are reported from several of these sections and in other places the stalk is taking on bolls.

Such rainfall as occurred, with the exception of Oklahoma as noted above, was highly beneficial, coming as it did

following thorough cultivation, and no where has the cotton suffered yet from lack of moisture. Over the entire central and eastern belt, however, the rains were local in character and light in quantity.

Temperatures were high and the cotton is taking on the best color it has yet had. The Carolinians alone complain of rather cool nights and slightly less plant growth that would otherwise have occurred.

In Texas and Louisiana boll weevil is reported.

New Orleans, June 24.—The Picayune today will say:

Continued improvement of cotton crop throughout Louisiana and the southern portion of Mississippi is indicated in reports to the Picayune for the week ending today. The weather has been excellent for field work, but considerable grass remains to be destroyed. In some sections the soil is hard and soddy and the growth of the plant is slow. Late cotton as a rule has been chopped out and mounded, and gives better indications than the earlier plantings. Much good bottom land remains idle because of inability to drain and plant in time.

OKLAHOMA DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

Platform adopted by the Oklahoma state democratic convention:

We the representatives of the democratic party of the state of Oklahoma, in appealing to the citizenship of our state for their support, do respectfully submit these principles of self government, for which we stand and which are of special interest in the campaign.

Local Issues.

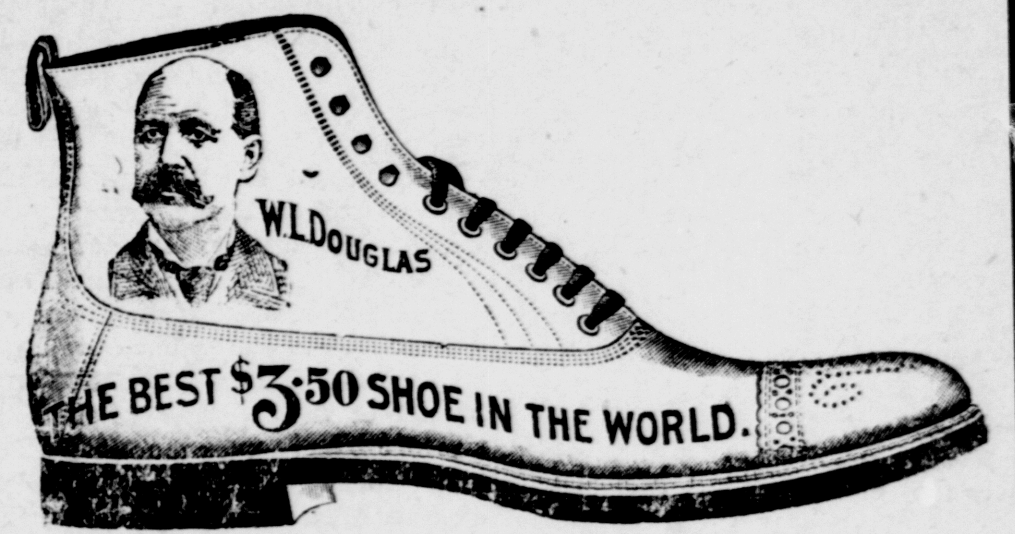
We believe we should have the right

of local self government immediately, without denial delay or evasion.

We believe the people of Oklahoma should and will condemn at the polls the efforts of those who are trying to defeat statehood for our people.

We submit to the people of Oklahoma the best state constitution that has ever been written, and in asking the suffrage of the patriotic citizenship of this state, we firmly stand upon this constitution in its entirety as our platform.

In this splendid organic law we



A full line of High Top and Low Cut Oxfords, Patent, Vici, Velor and Gun Medals. The best \$3.50 Shoe in Ada.

I. HARRIS

have carried out in perfect good faith every pledge made us by the people of the state, and have drawn a constitution which not only protects the right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness of the citizens, but a constitution that takes the most advanced ground of any organic law in existence for the protection of the property rights of the people against the stealthy hand of ingenious modern monopoly.

School Lands.

We believe that as soon as possible and practicable the lands held by the state for educational purposes should be sold upon terms that shall be absolutely fair to the people of this state, preserving the preference right to the lessees, guaranteed by the enabling act, and to the end that such lands should become taxable and be made more valuable and productive by the actual owner thereof.

We believe that the funds derived from the sale of such land should be fully preserved and invested as provided in the constitution.

We believe that the present state schools should be maintained, and that other necessary state schools and institutions should be established equitably throughout the state.

Coal and Asphalt Lands.

We favor the purchase of the segregated coal and asphalt lands at a fair price, to be agreed upon by the state authorities and the Choctaw and Chickasaw governments, subject to the approval by a vote of the people of this state, before the contract of purchase shall become effective.

We favor the fullest development of such lands in the interests of the schools and charitable institutions and the product of cheap fuel for the people of this state.

We favor the immediate sale of the surface of such segregated coal and asphalt lands in small tracts to actual settlers.

We strongly oppose the passing of the timber land and other natural resources of this state into the hands of the great monopolies.

Removal of Restrictions.

We believe the people of this sovereign state should have the full measure of liberty enjoyed by citizens of other sovereign states.

We believe that the various federal bureaus established in this state should be immediately terminated and that the basis of this bureau government, the restrictions on the sale and lease of land of our citizen, should be removed summarily, except as to homesteads of full bloods; and we favor the immediate settlement of all tribal affairs and the immediate distribution of all tribal funds.

We believe that the estates of those mentally incompetent, of whatsoever race, should be protected by our state probate courts. We will take care of our own defectives, of whatever race or color, and will not rely upon the federal government to discharge this proper function of our own state.

Invested Capital.

We believe that it is of the greatest importance to the development of our new state, to give perfect safety and assurance to invested capital, and that where complete security is afforded

capital will gladly seek investment at the lowest rates of interest.

We draw a broad line of distinction between capital invested in honest enterprises and predatory capital engaged in conspiracy against the proceeds of labor of the American people. We oppose the crafty corporations which artfully contrive to destroy competition and thus fix arbitrary prices on the necessities of life, and on those things which are produced by our own people. We do not intend to encourage predatory capital in this state. We do intend to protect our own people in the proceeds of their honest labor. We favor especial care for the protection of the rights and interests of the laboring people, such as the tradesmen and women and children of this state.

Natural Resources.
We favor the steady development of all our natural resources and especially of our oil and gas region.
We favor the development of every form of manufacture, for which our natural resources so well qualify the state.

We pledge the passage of a road law that will enable the people in each county to provide themselves a good system of roads.

Schools.
We recommend the education of the people as absolutely essential to the development of this state, and to the continuance of supremacy of the democratic party. We pledge the party to vigorously promote in every reasonable way our public school system, so that this state shall stand in the front rank in the educational column.

Economy.
We pledge to the people of this state an economical and faithful administration of its affairs, and that the state taxes shall be as low as possible for the conduct of a state government properly administered.

Separate Coaches.

We approve the resolution of the constitutional convention of March 1, 1907, pledging the enactment of laws at the earliest possible date during the first session of the first legislature providing for separate coaches or accommodations and waiting rooms for the negro race.

Prohibition.

The question of prohibition has been removed from partisan politics and has been left to a vote of the people in accordance with the principles of the referendum.

Fulfillment of Pledges.

In the constitution which we submit we call attention to the important fact that we have faithfully carried out every pledge made to the people in the last campaign. We unreservedly endorse the action of the democratic majority in its faithful compliance in drawing the constitution in accordance with our pledges to the people, and we pledge that the democratic party, if now entrusted with power in the administration of the state government, will faithfully enforce, execute and carry into effect every principle of said constitution as adopted by the people and a strict enforcement of every law enacted by the people or legislature of this state.

National Issues.

We hereby express our allegiance

(Continued on page 2)

Ada Evening News

OTIS B. WEAVER, Editor and Owner
HOWARD PARKER, Associate Editor
GEO. B. CHASE, Business Mgr.

Entered as second-class mail matter March 26, 1904, at the post office at Ada, Indian Territory under the Act of Congress March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application

Democratic Ticket

United States Senators

Robert L. Owen
Thos. P. Gore

Justices Supreme Court

Jesse J. Dunn
S. W. Hays
R. L. Williams
Matthew W. Kane
J. B. Turner

Governor

C. N. Haskell

Lieutenant Governor

Geo. W. Bellamy

Attorney General

Chas. West

Secretary of State

William M. Cross

Treasurer

James Menefee

Auditor

M. E. Trapp

Clerk of Supreme Court

W. H. L. Campbell

State Examiner

Chas. Taylor

Superintendent Public Instruction

E. D. Cameron

Mine Inspector

Peter Hanraty

Commissioner of Charities

Miss Kate Bernard

Commissioner of Labor

Charles Dougherty

Insurance Commissioner

J. T. McComb

Corporation Commissioners

J. J. McAlester
A. P. Watson
J. E. Love

DISTRICT OFFICERS.

Congress

C. D. Carter

State Senator

R. M. Roddie

District Judge

A. T. West

Floterial Representative

Edgar S. Ratliff

COUNTY OFFICERS

Representative

Frank Huddleston

County Judge

Joel Terrell

County Attorney

Robt. Wimbish

Clerk of District Court

W. D. Lowden

County Clerk

W. S. Kerr

Sheriff

T. J. Smith

County Treasurer

J. C. Cates

Register of Deeds

C. C. Hargis

County Surveyor

George Truitt

Superintendent of Schools

T. F. Pierce

County Weigher

Charles A. Thomas

County Commissioner District No. 1.

John D. Rinard

County Commissioner District No. 2

C. W. Floyd

County Commissioner District No. 3

G. M. Short

TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.

Precinct No. 1.

Trustee, R. C. Jester; Justice of the Peace, H. J. Brown, W. H. Nettles; Constables, J. M. Ramey, J. D. Looper.

Precinct No. 2.

Trustee, Jas. R. Floyd; Justice of the Peace, A. Gaylor, P. H. Martin; Clerk, C. Sturdivant; Treasurer, G. A. Smith; Constables, Chas. Hopkins, A. F. Dillard.

Precinct No. 3.

Trustee J. C. Rushing; Justice of the Peace, W. H. Hammond; Constables, Jas. W. Willard, J. O. Smith.

Precinct No. 4.

Trustee, W. M. Thompson; Treasurer, J. D. Price; Justice of the Peace, Joe Gambel, G. W. Tigner; Constables, Lee Price, J. B. Robertson.

Precinct No. 5.

Trustee, W. S. Tinsley; Justice of the Peace, R. D. Miers, R. S. Baker; Constables, R. F. Anderson, W. C. Bolen.

Precinct No. 6.

Justice of the Peace, Joe Anderson, W. T. Fleet; Constables, G. W. Davidson, M. L. Nichols.

Precinct No. 7.

Trustee, R. Attaway; Justice of the Peace, Geo. R. Collins, L. C. Lindsey; Constables, Will Allen, Seth Perrin.

Precinct No. 8.

Trustee, S. P. Boles; Treasurer, J. B. Parker; Justice of the Peace, Wm. P. Allen, E. S. Snodgrass; Constables, W. Corbin, H. A. McConnell; Clerk, J. M. Harris.

Precinct No. 9.

Justice of the Peace, A. P. Roberts, J. A. Mercer; Constables, D. L. Galey, J. W. Wilson.

INSIDES OF THE OPPOSITION.

The following is an excerpt from Washington correspondence of the Commoner, exposing the "insides" of the statehood opposition:

At the risk of seeming to harp too much on one subject I wish to again say a few words about the political conspiracy now being consummated to keep the 1,500,000 people of Oklahoma and Indian Territory out of the United States. What is being done to effect this purpose, and to prevent the possible addition of a new democratic state to the column of that party is absolutely the most discreditable and disgraceful piece of political chicanery recorded in the history of this country.

Here is one illustration. Recently I met a certain Frank Frantz, governor of Oklahoma by appointment of Theodore Roosevelt. Frank Frantz was one of those Rough Riders who did not ride in battle, but were all, or many of them, ridden into public office by aid of their former colonel. He was lieutenant under the famous Captain "Bucky" ONiel, and upon the death of that officer succeeded to the captainship. After the war he went to Oklahoma and speedily became a politician. He got a \$2,500 postmaster'ship, and when Mr. Roosevelt became president aspired higher. He was appointed by the president governor of the territory, not because he had any peculiar qualifications therefor, but because he was a Rough Rider and a trusty supporter of Roosevelt republicanism. The people of the territory had nothing to say about it. There were 800,000 people in Oklahoma when he was appointed, but one man put him in office. Naturally Mr. Frantz did not attach much importance to voters or votes.

I wish to lay emphasis on what I said to me recently. I asked what was the political character of the convention which adopted this constitution. "There were one hundred and twelve delegates," he said, of whom one hundred were democrats."

"Supposing the constitution is approved by the voters and turned down by the president of the United States?" I asked, "is it not probable that the next convention will be even more overwhelming democratic? Won't a feeling in the two territories that an unfair partisan advantage has been taken at Washington? And if another convention shall be constituted in the same way as this one, what will you do then?"

"We would appeal to Washington again."

In other words the governor of Oklahoma, appointed by the president, looks to Washington to save him and his job, from the vote of the people of the territory. He was here accompanied by a number of the least creditable members of the republican party, to plead for a continuance of the conditions under which nearly 1,500,000 people in that growing southwestern section are disfranchised; are given absolutely no voice in their own local affairs. They are governed as Porto Rico is governed. They are governed as England governs the people of India for the profit of a few favorites of the ruling class.

Governor Frantz was asked what objections he could urge to the constitution as adopted by the delegates who were elected by the people of the territories instead of being appointed by a beneficent ruler 1,500 miles away.

He didn't like the proviso that corporations doing business in the state should become incorporated in the state. He thought the declaration of the initiative and referendum was entirely wrong, but he heartily approved the submission of the prohibition plank in the constitution to the people. In other words he shied at the word "referendum" and yet he applauded the one immediate application of it.

ORDINANCE No. 131.

An Ordinance Providing for the Opening of the Streets and Alleys of the City of Ada, I. T., and the Prevention of the Obstruction thereof.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ADA, I. T.

SECTION 1.—That all the public streets and alleys of all parts of the CITY OF ADA, duly incorporated therein, shall be opened.

SECTION 2.—That it shall be unlawful for any persons or persons, firm or corporation, to fence, enclose, erect any building within, or to otherwise obstruct any of the public streets and alleys of the City of Ada, or to allow any such obstruction of any nature to remain therein.

SECTION 3.—That in the event of any obstruction of any nature or description shall be found in any of the public streets or alleys of the said City of Ada, it shall be deemed a nuisance. And it shall be the duty of the City Marshal thereof to notify, in writing, the owner of such obstruction or the person or persons in charge of such obstruction or responsible for its being in said streets or alleys, to remove the same within ten days from the date of the service of said notice. And in case no owner of such obstruction can be found, and

no person responsible for the placing or allowing of such obstruction to remain in said streets, a notice shall be published in some weekly paper published in said city of Ada, for three consecutive weeks, warning the unknown owner or keeper of said obstruction to remove the same from the said streets within ten days from the last day of the publication of the said notice.

SECTION 4.—That in the event of any person, firm or corporation, having been first duly notified as hereinbefore provided, shall be found guilty of violating any of the provisions of this ordinance upon information or complaint filed before the Mayor of the said City of Ada, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined in any sum not to exceed TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS; and for every day after the expiration of the ten day's notice shall have expired, any obstruction that shall remain in any of the said streets or alleys of the said city, there shall be taxed a penalty against the said obstruction, the sum of FIVE DOLLARS per day, which said penalty shall be a lien on the said obstruction until the said penalty is paid. And the city marshal aforesaid, shall have the power and it shall be his duty to tear down and remove to the dumping ground of the said city, any such obstruction, and shall be paid therefor for the actual expense thus incurred, out of the funds of the said City of Ada; or if the obstruction be of any value, it shall be sold to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, after the marshal have first given ten days' notice of such sale, by posting in three public places within the said city, one of which places shall be the postoffice thereof.

SECTION 5.—That nothing herein shall be construed as to prevent the Mayor of the City of Ada, with the consent of the majority of the Street Committee, from extending the time in which to remove any obstruction from any of the streets or alleys of the said city, when he believes the same cannot be removed within the required time without great inconvenience or waste to the owners or occupants thereof.

SECTION 6.—That provided, however, that fences enclosing sidewalks where shade trees are not growing between 17th street and the City Limits on the south and between 5th street and the City Limits on the north, shall be permitted for a period of two years from the passage of this ordinance.

SECTION 7.—That all former ordinances in conflict with this are hereby repealed.

SECTION 8.—That this ordinance shall go into force and effect after its passage and publication.

PASSED AND APPROVED this 17th day of June, A. D. 1907.

C. O. Barton,

Mayor.

ATTEST: Jesse Warren,

City Recorder.

Published this 24th day of June, 1907.

GLEN OIL FIELDS ABLAZE

Started by Lightning the blaze Spreads \$100,000 Damage.

Tulsa, I. T. June 24.—Fire Sunday in the Glen oil fields, caused by lightning, destroyed a 55,000 barrel tank full of oil on the Quaker Oil and Gas Company's lease; two 1,600 barrel tanks on the Victoria Oil Company's lease, and a 100,000 barrel lake of oil on Hammett & Crosby's lease. The blaze spreading from the wooden tanks fired the tank of oil. The total loss will amount to over \$100,000. Heavy damage from lightning is reported from Coddys Bluff, Ramona and other oil fields in the Cherokee Nation.

Nominated District Judge.

The News notes with gratification that Judge James R. Tolbert of Hobart, Okla., brother of our fellow townsman, S. R. Tolbert, and of the late J. B. Tolbert, was nominated district judge of his district in the recent primaries. He holds the distinction of carrying every county in the district.

OKLAHOMA DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

to the great principles of government advocated by the national democratic party, upon which we believe the future welfare of this republic must depend.

We reaffirm our allegiance to that greatest living exponent of democratic principles, William Jennings Bryan, and endorse him for our presidential nominee in 1908.

We emphatically demand the reasonable and proper control of transportation and transmission companies and the supervision and control of all enterprises engaged in interstate commerce.

We favor the improvement of the waterways of the Missouri Valley and the establishment of water transportation wherever practicable throughout the union.

We believe that the patriotic elements of the republican party are no longer able to control or greatly influence that great political organism. We believe that the machinery in that party has fallen under the insidious influence of the great plutocratic powers and organized monopolies of this nation.

We denounce and condemn the national republican party for the lavish use of moneys belonging to the people of Oklahoma in the reclamation service in other states, and pledge our members in our national congress to use their best efforts to require the reclamation service to use the money belonging to Oklahoma in Oklahoma.

We believe that the vast contributions of money by these special interests have given such interests such power over the republican party that a remedy for national conditions under which the people suffer is impossible through that party.

We appeal therefore to every good citizen who places patriotism above commercialism, happiness and the welfare of the great body of our producing classes above the enrichment of the few; and who believe in local self government, to join us in a holy crusade for the restoration to the people of their rights.

We enjoin upon the advocates of democracy that they trust with special respect those of our fellow citizens who by environment, affiliation, or by other reasons have heretofore affiliated with other parties, and we urge them to use only sound argument in appealing to their reason and to use the force of courtesy and kindness in persuading them to join us in the great task of restoring to the American people their rights to the pursuit of happiness.

GETTING READY FOR BRYAN

Sulphur Preparing for a Big Day When The Commoner Comes.

Sulphur, I. T., June 24.—Great and unusual preparations are being made for the coming of W. J. Bryan. Mr. Bryan will speak on the morning of June 26th at the opening of the Epworth League Chautauqua. Trains will be run on both the Santa Fe and the Frisco so as to get the people here in time for the great commoner's lecture which will begin at 10:30 Wednesday morning. An excursion will come down from Holdenville. Large crowds are coming in on every train and are taking rooms and cottages for the entire chautauqua and for the 4th of July celebration which begins on the morning of the 3rd and closes on the night of the 6th.

MEXICAN IN DURANCE VILE.

Manuel Accused of Swiping Opera Glasses and Other Bric-a-Brac.

Manuel Neoni is the name of the accused; Leopoldo Arurella and Ramon Sanchez are the names of the witnesses—all obviously Mexicans.

Manuel stands committed to the Ardmore jail in default of a \$1,000 bond set today by Judge Winn after a hearing accorded him on a charge of grand larceny. The story goes: Manuel stole a lot of clothes, a watch, opera glasses, and other bric-a-brac out of a laborer's camp at Lawrence the other day. Lawrence is the name of the new station at the Cement Company's quarry south of town. With his goods Manuel made his way to Roff where he was apprehended by U. S. Deputy Ed Brents Saturday night.

To All Our Customers, And Others:

We have bought the W. S. Akers Meat Market and have moved it into our store and will handle all kinds of meats and would be pleased to have you give us a trial.

Phone 92 for Fresh Meats and Groceries

Duffal @ Price

CAPITOL
HILL
LOTS
ON
EASY
PAYMENT
PLAN

Capitol Hill

Acres will be best residence property. Close in; shade trees on every street

Beard & Blanks

Office 1st Door West Harris Hotel

(AN OLD AND ESTABLISHED HOUSE)

ARMSTRONG, BYRD & CO

OF OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA.

Have been established in the PIANO and ORGAN business in Oklahoma and Indian Territories for ten years. They are the largest music house in the Southwest, and carry a magnificent line of thirty-two of the best known and most reliable makes of Pianos. They sell from \$50.00 to \$75.00 cheaper than any other firm sell Pianos of the same grade and quality.

IF I THE MARKET FOR A PIANO FIGURE WITH THEM

The Long Distance Telephone

USE IT TODAY AND SAVE DELAY

Other ways of transacting your affairs cannot compare with it in HIGH VALUE LOW PRICE QUICK SERVICE
Tis the comprehensive means of communication.

PIONEER TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO.

Telephone Directory.

The New Telephone Directory is being prepared for the Printer. We want your name to appear correctly. Any changes you desire, notify the Manager.

PIONEER TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO.

We keep a full line of prescription goods.
We know how and can fill any prescription.
We don't substitute.
We deliver.

Crescent Drug Store

Dr. F. Z. Holley, Prop.

Pianos We have just received several late styles and would be glad to have you call and inspect.
Organs We can sell you a good organ from \$25 to \$100. \$5 down and \$2 per month. You'll have to hurry.
Sewing Machines A few high grade ball bearing White Sewing Machines at \$22.50 while they last.
Sheet Music We are receiving new music every day. Come and try it on our pianos. Tell us your music troubles. Let us reason together.

Matthews Music Co.

Main Street

Money Made

In buying city lots, improved and unimproved. Now is the time to buy as property valuations are increasing daily. We can show you some fine bargains.

O. B. WEAVER AGENCY

R. O. WHEELER, Manager

Andrew Carnegie

Says the best way to accumulate money is to resolutely save and bank a fixed portion of your income, no matter how small the amount. Suppose you follow the advice of Carnegie who started in life poor and open an account with

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

PERSONAL MENTION

If you know it tell it or telephone it to The News. Keep in mind that the reporter is gifted with neither omniscience nor ubiquity.

R. L. Woodhouse was in Oklahoma yesterday.

D. C. McCarty was up from Tupelo over night.

Wm. J. Scotts of Lester was a Sunday visitor.

L. L. Smith and wife were here from Sapulpa today.

I. McNair, and Miss Lottie went to St. Louis yesterday.

J. S. Anderson and E. T. Riser were visitors from Woodford.

Jesse Shands was here from Madill with home folks yesterday.

J. G. Hall and wife, from Cotter, Ark., are guests at the Harris.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Swaffar were here from Stonewall for Sunday.

Jas. Casper, a cattleman from St. Joseph, Mo., is a visitor in the city.

Mrs. Orville Snead has returned home from a visit with relatives at Dougherty.

Mr. D. Kaplan, of Waco, Texas, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. I. Harris, on Thirteenth street and Broadway.

W. H. L. Campbell, who returned sick from Oklahoma City last week, is still indisposed, though able to be about some.

Mrs. A. Vogt will arrive from Basel, Switzerland, the first of next week. She was due to arrive today, but missed the steamer.

Mrs. Hiram Glass of Texarkana and Mrs. William Miller of Tishomingo arrived Sunday for a short visit with the family of Mrs. Glass' nephew, A. M. Gregg.

Don't fail to see that fire July 4th at Roff. The competing fire boys will make the race three-fourths of a mile after the house is set on fire. Several teams are expected to compete.

Carl Meadows has resigned his position as day clerk at the Harris. He is succeeded by P. C. Howe, formerly night clerk. Carl will accept employment with the steam laundry.

Two Deaths.

Samuel Dickey, the 13 year old stepson of Henry Collins, died at the home at Stonewall, Saturday. He was the boy who was accidentally shot several days ago. The remains were brought to Ada for interment Sunday.

The infant of Chas. Brown, residing on East Tenth street, died Saturday and was buried Sunday at Stonewall.

Chapman Brand Shoes

STRICTLY HIGH GRADE
GUARANTEED PATENT

\$5

We have the finest line of Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes in Ada. You will get better satisfaction and save money in buying shoes at our exclusive shoe store.

CHAPMAN

The Shoe Man

STREET FAIR DELAYED A DAY.

Big Week's Amusement Will Begin Tuesday.

The numerous attaches of the G. W. Andreau Amusement Company arrived Sunday preparatory to putting on the big street fair in Ada this week.

Due to delayed arrival of much of the equipment from Atoka, where the amusement folk held out last week, it will be Tuesday before the tents can be erected and the carnival begin.

The vacant lots in front of the Harris hotel have been secured for the fair.

These people come well recommended, and they guarantee clean up-to-date amusement.

In Mayor's Court.

Mayor Barton has a congested docket these days. But he isn't able to dispose of the cases as rapidly as he would like. For instance the trial of a dusky damsel for vagrancy resulted in a hung jury this morning.

One Frankston pleaded guilty to fighting Saturday night, and promising to arrange to pay his fine speedily the officers gave him a little liberty. Like learning, a little liberty is at times a dangerous thing. For Frank proceeded to hot foot the officers and gave them an hilarious chase as far as the cement works. He was brought back to town, irons were clamped on him, and he is now working on the streets. Also Uncle Dick filed a complaint against him for tearing up the calaboose during his confinement.

New Band Instructor.

The Ada Merchants Band boys are an energetic, persevering sort. They do not propose to let up on their practice until Ada has the crack band of the country. A new instructor, Mr. Frank Deal, late of Wynnewood, has been engaged and is now in the city ready to begin coaching his crew.

Gilbert Reed Very Low.

Gilbert Reed, who was taken sick in Oklahoma City a week ago, is reported very low today. Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Reed, his parents are both at his bedside. Mr. Reed phoned Dr. Brownall to come to Oklahoma City at once.

Likes The Pontotoc Country.

O. C. Lyons, a capitalist from Des Moines, Iowa, and son, W. M. Lyons, are in the city. Mr. Lyons is so well impressed with the prospects of this country that he contemplates setting up his son in the instrument business at Ada.

Big Time In North Ada.

Rev. Hampton of Pauls Valley, who is conducting the revival in North Ada preached two strong sermons to large congregations. There were four additions at the two services yesterday. The meetings will continue throughout the week and everybody is invited to be present.

Blue Lodge Election.

Ada Lodge No. 95 A. F. & A. M. held its regular annual election of officers Saturday night. These are the officers chosen for the ensuing year: Chas. Little, W. M.; T. D. McKeown, S. W.; E. H. McKendrea, J. W.; S. M. Torbett, Treasurer; C. A. Powers, Secretary.

Miss Jernigan to Leave.

Miss Mollie Jernigan, cousin to The News and for more than two years a most valuable assistant in the office, has resigned her position and next Monday will depart for her old Kentucky home whither her sister, Mrs. S. J. Martin removed some weeks ago. The News regrets to lose her; so will the town, for she has the highest esteem of everybody that knows her.

Fierce War on Liquor.

Office Deputy U. S. Marshal Brents states he has filed 13 complaints during the last two day against parties for selling booze.

Washout on Frisco.

This morning's Frisco was eight hours late on account of a bad washout which occurred early in the morning about 40 miles east of Sapulpa.

Marriage Licenses.

N. L. Self, 23, and May Thurman, 19, Maxwell. Geo. W. Doty, 27, and Jennie Pernell, 18, Palmer.

Wright and Berry, tailors, next door to postoffice, for high class work. 48-tf

John McCoy has returned from a trip through southwest Texas for his health. He and his family seem much improved.

Let us eat, drink and be merry. With never a thought of ache or pain.

Let us forget every sorrow that might be,

For we still have Rocky Mountain Tea. Sold at Ramsey's Drug Store.

While it is said every thing is going up look at our

REDUCTIONS

Granite Wash pans, the kind usually sold at 20c this week at 5c each.

See our cut prices on Ball Mason Fruit Jars. Pints 59c a doz; quarts 69c a doz; half gallons 79c a doz.

Extra Jar Caps and Rubber porcelain lined 25c a doz.

Extra Jar Rubbers 5c a doz. Extra heavy jar rubbers 9c per doz.

Jelly Glasses—We have two sizes, 1/2 pints 30c per doz. 1/4 pints 25c per doz.

When you want glassware, queensware, enameledware, tinware, etc., come to see us.

Stoneware—Crocks and jars. Buy all you want here at 6c per gallon.

See our new line of Laces, only 5c per yard.

Handkerchiefs—Extra values in ladies' and gents' handkerchiefs, 5c and 10c.

Umbrellas—For ladies and gents, imitation silk, extra values for \$1.00.

Gloves—We wish to call your attention to our line of gloves. Ladies' mercerized gloves in black, white and colors, 30c a pair.

Saturday Extra Special—We are going to sell while they last another lot of those good four-strand brooms at 10c each. Sold with 25c worth of other goods, one to a customer. Come and see

The Nickel Store

and China Hall.
The 5c and 10c Store of Ad
S. M. SHAW, Prop.

Roughly Handled.

E. F. Fullingame, of near Knox, was waiting on the sidewalk Saturday night to be summoned for the initiation in the Masonic lodge.

A drunken fellow came along and with warning attacked Fullingame. When the fight was over the latter found he had a badly chewed up thumb. It is said his assailant in his maudlin condition mistook Mr. Fullingame for another man.

Then Mr. E. had to run the gauntlet of the Blue Lodge, and it is not reported that the rigors of the initiation were relaxed to any extent in his case, notwithstanding he had already been roughly handled.

Cassidy to Preach.

Rev. Mike Cassidy of this city closed a revival at Temple, Texas, Sunday evening and will arrive in Ada today to assist Rev. Rippey in the Methodist revival now in progress here. Bro. Cassidy is an able man and some good doctrine is expected from the pulpit. At the service yesterday morning there were six additions and another at the evening service. The evening congregation was large and listened to a splendid sermon by the pastor. The text was "And Lot Pitched His Tent Toward Sodom." Prof. Fenton, who conducted the song service at the beginning of the revival, has tendered his valuable services for this week.

Ada tailoring and cleaning works east of postoffice. 48-tf

Notice of Sale.

United States of America, Indian Territory, Southern District, ss:

Whereas, on the 12th day of August, A. D. 1905, to secure the payment of their four promissory notes of that date of the sum of \$22.50 each, payable to the order of Walter B. Paschall, as follows: One February 1st, 1906, one August 1st, 1906, one February 1st, 1907, and one August 1st, 1907, all bearing interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from maturity until paid, Robert M. Cummings and Allie B. Cummings, of Ada, Indian Territory, made, executed and delivered to the said Walter B. Paschall a mortgage on the following described property, located in the city of Ada, Chickasaw Nation, Southern District of the Indian Territory, to-wit:

Lot ten (10) and the east half of lot nine (9) of block twelve (12) of Dags Addition to the City of Ada, as shown by the official plat and survey thereof, together with all the improvements thereon and the appurtenances thereunto belonging and,

Whereas, it was especially understood and agreed between the parties thereto, and so expressed in said mortgage, that in event of default being made in the payment of any one of said notes when due, the said Walter

WANT COLUMN

Want ads in the News are sure to bring results. tf

Lost—A new, ivory handled, 45 Colts, long barrel, election six shooter. Liberal reward. Return to News.

FOR SALE—By O. B. Weaver good residence and business property at "pawn broker prices."

WANTED—Young man or boy to solicit circulation for the Daily and Weekly News. Apply to Business manager News. tf

WANTED—First-class board and room in private family by couple without children. References furnished. Address postoffice box No. 196.

WANTED—Furnished cottage or rooms for housekeeping. State location and price. References furnished. Address postoffice box No. 196.

WANTED—Position by a young lady with a thorough knowledge of stenography and bookkeeping. Neat and correct in her work. Inquire at this office. dh

FOR SALE—By O. B. Weaver improved and unimproved, both business and residence property, at a "hard up" bargain.

WANTED—Position, by young man not afraid of work. Phone No. 4. Orel Harper. SI 2-t

B. Paschall, or the then legal owner and holder of said notes, were given the option and the right to declare all said notes due and payable, and to sell the property, or any part thereof, at public sale to the highest bidder for cash, at the then front Court House door, at Ada, Indian Territory, after giving thirty days notice of the time, place and terms of sale, by publication of notice thereof for thirty days in some newspaper published or of general circulation in said city and Territory, or by printed or written hand bills posted in ten public places in the vicinity of said land, and to apply the proceeds of such sale, first to the payment of all costs, and expenses attending said sale, second to the payment of said debts and interest, and the remainder, if any, to be paid to the said Robert M. Cummings and Allie B. Cummings, their order or assigns, and,

Whereas, the said Robert M. Cummings and Allie B. Cummings failed to pay the second and third of said notes at maturity, or any part thereof, either principal or interest, and the said Walter B. Paschall, the owner and holder of said notes, has therefore, as authorized in said mortgage, declared all said indebtedness due, Now,

Therefore, KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:

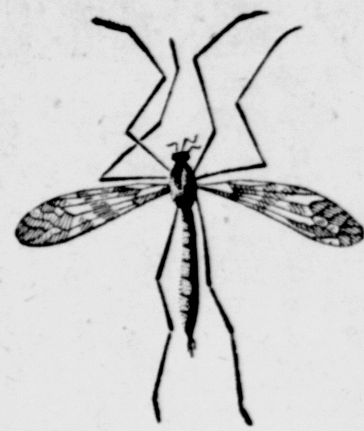
That I, Walter B. Paschall, mortgagee aforesaid, for and in consideration and by virtue of the foregoing, will, on Tuesday, the 23rd day of July, A. D. 1907, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. at the front door of the Court House of the United States Court, at Ada, Southern District of the Indian Territory, sell to the highest bidder for cash to be paid at said time, all of said property above described, for the purpose authorized by said mortgage which will be free from redemption, appraisal and dower. However, said property will be sold subject to a prior mortgage in favor of the Deming Investment Company given to secure the principal sum of \$300.00 and interest thereon.

Witness my hand on this 22nd day of June, A. D. 1907.

Walter B. Paschall, Mortgagee.

First published June 22nd, 1907. 80-1t. D-4t.

WHAT IS IT?



AT

Cwin, Mays & Co.

THE DRUGGISTS.

"We run a drug store and nothing more."

Free Lecture.

Hon. John A. Bright national lecturer for the Improved Order of Redmen will deliver a free lecture on Redman ship at the court house, in Ada, on the evening of June 25, 1907, under the auspices of Geronimo, Tribe No. 18, Improved Order of Redmen. Everybody, the ladies especially, are cordially invited. Come out and hear him and spend a pleasant evening. You will be amply repaid for your trouble. Mr. Bright always sings at the close of his lecture. It is all free.

J. D. Looper,
F. M. Vanlewen,
Committee.

It goes to the roots of disease, invigorates, strengthens, exhilarates. Its life producing properties are not contained in any other known remedy. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Tea or Tablets, 35 cents. Sold at Ramsey's Drug Store.

NEW FRISCO TIME CARD

The following new time card is now in effect.

TIME TABLE.

North Bound.

No. 512—Eastern Express. 9:35 a. m.
No. 510—Meteor. 4:55 p. m.
No. 504—St. Louis and Kansas City Passenger. 11:43 p. m.

South Bound.

No. 509—Meteor. 9:00 a. m.
No. 511—Texas Passenger. 8:23 p. m.
No. 515—Sherman Express. 3:05 a. m.

CASH

Is what you want every day. Without you are at the mercy of others when sickness and old age comes. Sign a declaration of independence for yourself by starting a savings account with a dollar or two today with the

Ada National Bank

Are You Insured?

IF NOT, WHY NOT?

Hicks predicts tornados during the summer and fires are liable to occur at any time. Therefore you had better prepare yourself against loss by insuring in old reliable companies.

AT

O. B. WEAVER AGENCY

R. O. WHEELER, Manager

When hot and tired and thirsty just stop at Ramsey's and make a noise like

ORANGEADE, Only 5c, Try It.

RAMSEY'S DRUG STORE

LEADING PROFESSIONAL MEN

FURMAN & CROXTON
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice.
Office in Duncan Building.

C. A. Galbraith Tom D. McKeown
GALBRAITH & MCKEOWN
LAWYERS
Over Citizens National Bank
Ada, Ind. Ter.

DR. H. T. SAFFARRANS
Dentist
In Freeman Bldg. Ada, I. T.

T. H. Granger B. H. Erb
GRANGER & ERB
DENTISTS
Rooms 1, 2 and 3 1st Nat'l Bank B'l'g.

DR. T. W. CHADWICK,
VETERINARY SURGEON AND DENTIST.
Is now located at
the Texas Wagon Yard.
Examination free.
Residence phone 305; Office phone 306.

We don't care if you are skeptical. We don't care if you have no confidence. It makes no difference to us. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do the work or no pay—that's fair. 35 cents. Sold at Ramsey's Drug Store.

HOLLISTER'S Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets

A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. Its Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE



THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE

Hereby is announced the Mason Drug Co., a candidate for the most popular drug store in Pontotoc county, subject to the action and approval of all the people who want PURE DRUGS, HONEST PRICES, and a square deal. And this candidate will be an easy winner.

ADA STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

Is given up to be best. Do
Largest Agency Work
of any plant in this Territory.

Want A Bath?

Then get a good clean one, Hot or Cold, at High & Litzman's Barber Shop, next door to English Kitchen.

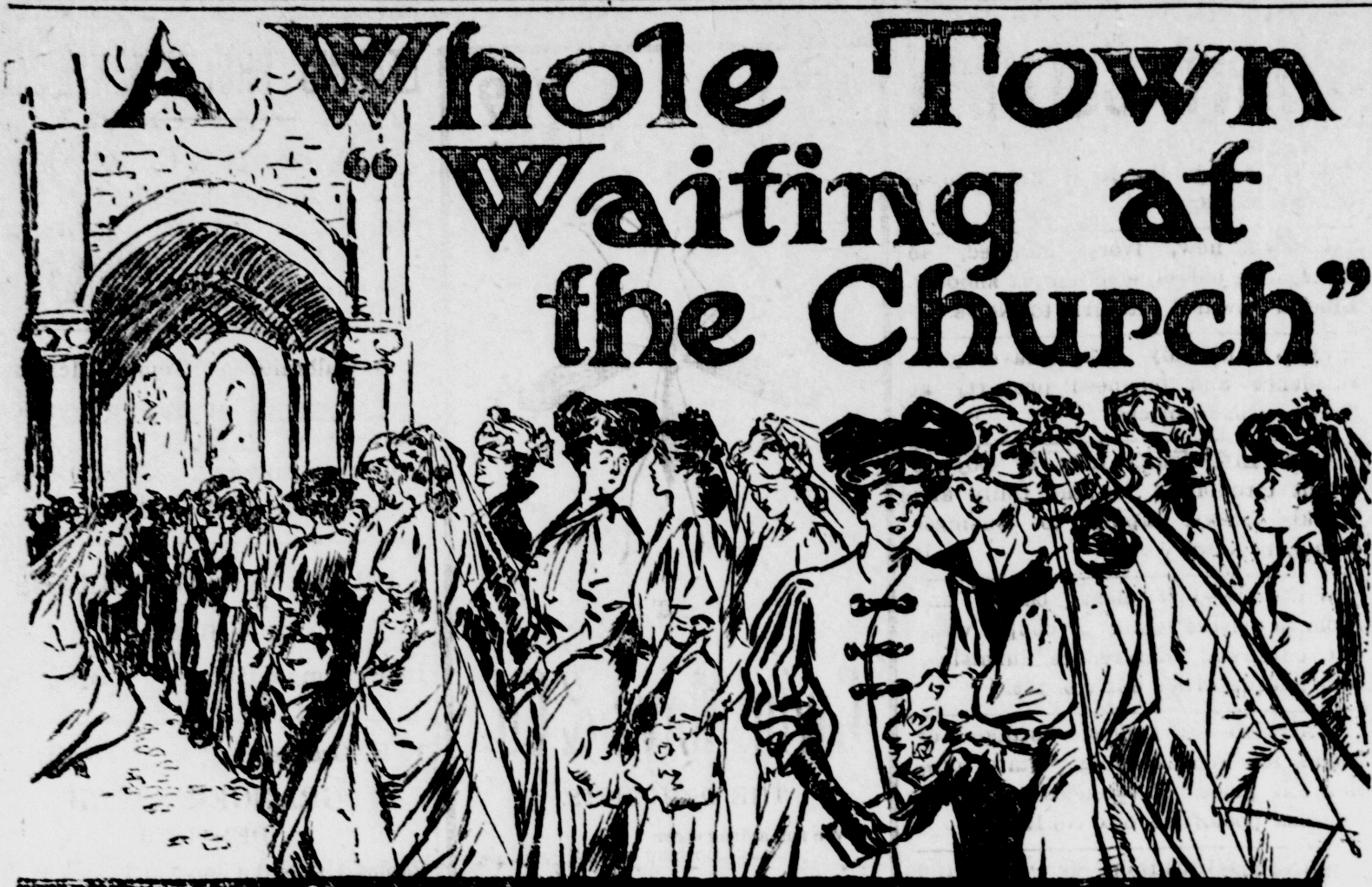


When you want to enjoy a good appetizing meal at a moderate charge, come to the

English Kitchen

Everything strictly first class and clean. Once you eat here you'll become a regular patron.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure by local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proved catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circular and testimonials.
Address: F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Takes Halls Family pills for Constipation.



Danville, Ill.—Spinsters and bachelor maids of this, "Uncle Joe" Cannon's home town, have joined hands in a common cause.

They want the town bachelors taxed. Furthermore, they want the tax graduated according to age. The older the man, the bigger the tax, demand the unwedded women of Danville. And, what's more, this is no idle dream; they have drafted their demands in black and white, and it is now before the common council of the town in the form of a proposed ordinance.

Literally, it is a case of pretty much the whole unmarried female population of the town waiting at the church!

In Danville they have a delicate line drawn between spinsters and bachelor maids. A spinster, according to Danville definition, is one who is a maiden because she can't help it. A bachelor maid is a maiden because she wants to be.

But be that as it may, all distinctions have been cast to the winds. Those that can't and those that won't alike demand that bachelors be taxed, and the longer the eligible one remains a bachelor the bigger his tax mounts up, year after year.

There is no anonymity about the thing, either. Old maids and budding debutantes have signed their names in black and white to the petition.

Stirs Up City Officers.

Of course, the petition upset the city officers. A meeting was hurriedly called by Mayor John H. Lewman, City Clerk John Torrance, Fire Chief G. W. Bridges and Councilmen Clarence T. Brittingham, John H. Harrison, Joseph Mies, Samuel Strauss, Michael S. Plant, Dr. C. H. Evans, Clarence Baum and several other prominent citizens attended. Speaker Cannon was invited, but his Washington duties kept him away.

The matter was carefully gone over. The pros and cons were put forward. Married men and bachelors and one divorced man gave their opinions.

"Remember, gentlemen," counseled the mayor, "it is a very serious matter and a very delicate one, which demands our most patient attention. I dread to think what might happen should we take a wrong stand in the premises."

Committee Chosen.

Finally the whole proposition was left to a committee, of which all were to be bachelors and a majority lawyers. This committee of experts was carefully chosen from among the most popular bachelors of the town, in order that everybody might be sure of having a fair show. It consisted of Court Stenographer Harry Brittingham, Circuit Clerk John W. Barger and Attorneys Thomas A. Graham, M. F. Keegan, William H. Dwyer and Ray F. Barnett. After careful consideration they decided to issue a statement to the expectant unmarried members of the gentler sex.

They took the bull by the horns. In a word, they demanded that before action be taken they have the privilege of meeting the petitioners. Here is the bachelors' official reply to the proposition for an ordinance providing for a graduated bachelor tax for the unwedded adult male population of Danville:

"We, the single men of Danville, would like to make the acquaintance of the unmarried women of this community who are so much interested in us. We would like the privilege of petitioning the city council, as a matter of self-defense while awaiting further moves of the enemy, to enact an ordinance taxing these unmarried women of Danville \$50 for each time they turn one of us down, not because we feel aggrieved or wish to get married, but as a matter of protection.

Retaliatory Proposition.

"The above appears to be a fair proposition. If the unmarried women of this city who are behind this movement against our peace of mind are in earnest and have a grain of human sympathy, they will meet our propositions fairly and squarely. It is up to them to do so, and we don't think they will evade the self-imposed responsibility."

This didn't pour oil upon the troubled waters of Danville's spinsterhood at all.

"There isn't a peg on which to hang a single romance," sneered one elderly maiden, "let alone hundreds of romances. Let's reply to them, girls!"

"Let's!" chorused spinsters and bachelor maids, all in one breath. And after a week this volley of hot

shot was turned loose upon the enemy's camp:

"We have read the reply of the Danville bachelors to our appeal to the city council, in which they make a counter proposition to tax us \$50 for every time we turn them down. We are willing to agree to this provided they will agree that the following proposition is a correct position for us to take:

"Objects" That Are Barred.

"We do not propose to turn down any of them because they are ugly of face, but when one of them comes around to see us, fastened to the end of a big cigar, having not the slightest semblance to a man, and who has the appearance of not being able to support himself, much less a wife—then, out he goes."

"One would think by the comments in relation to this matter that there is such a thing as a matrimonial tree, and all that any girl wanting a husband must do to shake the tree and down comes a helpmeet."

"Laying aside the thought of such a ridiculous proposition, we desire to present the facts. We wish to say frankly that we feel rebellious against the fate that forces us into the commercial world, where we must go of necessity in order that we may earn a living. Not a day passes that we do not feel that nameless longing—a yearning for protection, for shelter, for a good husband's tender care and solitude."

"How we hate the noise, bustle and worry of the commercial life! How we hate the competition, the clamor, the drudgery, incumbent upon us who must go through life alone, battling every day against a cold and heartless world in an effort to earn our daily bread!"

"Every finer instinct in us cries out against the coarse, rude life of the business world. Women, and only women, possess warm hearts which have depths and heights of feeling that a man can never hope to understand and which many of our gender are too sensitive to admit."

Thus did the spinster souls of Danville's maidenhood lay themselves bare to all the world.

Results have already followed. Bachelors who golfed with other bachelors last year are golfing in mixed foursomes this season. Bachelors who went to dinners and dances and teas during the winter months with no further idea than their fair friends thought of anything more serious than the latest mode in dresses or the daintiest confection in headgear have had their eyes opened.

Cupid Will Be Kept Busy.

Within a short time many sweet secrets may be confessed. It is freely predicted that if the social upheaval crystallizes into an ordinance providing for a bachelor tax, the crop of autumn and winter brides will beat all records.

Things have gone so far now that City Clerk John Torrance, dean of Danville bachelordom, has been threatened with social and political ostracism unless he takes a wife. But he has escaped from both by large majorities, much to the joy of his cronies of the clubs. Now he has come out with what is both a suggestion and a challenge.

"The old maids have taken us by surprise," said he. "We were of the opinion they were all more than satisfied with their condition. In fact, several of the boys have complained that they have been adopted as 'brothers' by our fairest spinsters, in lieu of a closer alliance. We have bombarded them for years with candy, flowers, theater tickets, dances, moonlight rides and proposals of marriage, but not one of us has succeeded in getting them interested in matrimonial matters. Now that they have confessed a desire to obtain homes and husbands, I don't believe the bachelors will be found slow by any means."

Suggests Club for Girls.

"My experience has shown me that we who have our clubs are more at home in them than in the drawing-rooms of these girls, who have appeared human icicles, notwithstanding our most ardent campaigns. I would suggest that the bachelor girls also form a club, and that their rooms contain a reception or billing and cooling room where their friends can spend a pleasant hour occasionally, becoming acquainted with those who desire to be brides."

"Of course, I don't want you to think we are over-anxious to get married, but on behalf of the bachelors of

Danville I will say that there are some of us who will surrender gracefully and gladly if we have the right opportunity. This would be a better plan than to try to bulldoze us by having an ordinance passed taxing us. That would only make us more stubborn."

And so it is still "Waiting at the Church" in more ways than one in Danville, Ill.

IRISH HOPEFULNESS.

Sure, Things Are Never so Bad but They Might Be Worse.

The Irishman sees everything through rose colored glasses, says a writer in the *Guidon*. He is supported, too, by a simple, sturdy faith, a spirit of resignation and unworldliness worthy of the saints of old.

The dread blight had fallen on the fields in most of the district where we were visiting in Ireland, and the potato vines hung limp and brown. No word of complaint was spoken, and when the likelihood of famine was mentioned the answer came:

"Danger, ma'am? Yes, there is, indeed, but God is good. He'll find a way."

So, too, about the hay. The summer had been terribly wet, and for days the new mown hay had lain on the ground. It was an anxious time.

"What will you do," I said to Mike, "if this weather keeps up? Your hay will surely be ruined."

"Oh, please God, it won't keep us," he answered. "He'll send us a bright day soon, just to see how well we'll use it."

"What a glorious night, Mikey!" I said to the boy, as he and I and the donkey drove home under the August moon.

"A fine night, indeed, ma'am. Thanks be to God for giving it to us!"

They showed us, on the road to town, a gentleman's place where, in a stretch of what not long since had evidently been thickly wooded land, stood stump after stump of giant trees. Four or five years ago, when the winter was exceptionally long and cold, the peasants suffered from scarcity of peat. They begged this landed proprietor to sell them wood, offering not only to pay his price, but to fell the trees and carry them off. He refused.

Again and again they begged, for the suffering grew intense, but he would not let his land be marred. One night there came a wind so frightful that it seemed for a time as if the "big wind" were blowing again. In the morning the highway along this proprietor's domain was impassable. Huge trees, blown to the ground, lay across the road for a distance of two miles, and the forest beauty was a thing of the past. The town authorities ordered the obstruction cleared away, and the peasants got for nothing more than they had been refused for pay.

"'Twas the hand of God was in that, ma'am," I was told, "for, with all the wind, not a poor man's cot was harmed, nor another tree on the countryside, only those. God always looks after His poor."

So Fatiguing.

"So young Ritchiey Kadd isn't to marry Goldie Stiles after all?"

"No; he got scared."

"Well, well! And I heard they had gone so far as to rehearse the wedding."

"Yes, that was the trouble. They had rehearsed five times, and Ritchiey said the preparations for matrimony were such hard work that he was afraid that he couldn't stand the real thing at all."—Catholic Standard and Times.

To Remove Finger Marks.

The lintels of the doors of a room and the woodwork around the windows when enameled white or in pale colors frequently become marked with the impression of finger tips. A piece of flannel dipped in kerosene will effectively remove all traces, but after rubbing the woodwork the surface should be washed with a clean cloth dipped in very hot water, this being the only method of removing the smell of the oil.

Rosebery's Versatility.

Lord Rosebery seems to be as distinguished in stock breeding as in politics, literature and horse racing. There was much interest lately in the sale of 44 of his Jersey cows and heifers at Dairy Farm, Mentmore, the highest price being \$210 paid by Lord Rothschild.

DIVERSITY IN SLEEVES.

As in the Case of Skirts, There Are All Sorts and Conditions.

There is wide diversity in the treatment of fashionable sleeves; in fact, it is a question whether or not they are more varied than skirts, for the best models among the latter are limited to six or seven styles. Not so with sleeves, however, which are as numerous in shape and design almost as the patterns of lace which adorn them. The open bell sleeve is a favorite model for dressy tailored suits, especially as designed for forenoon wear. The opening is usually bound with embroidery, lace or braid and underneath appears the sleeve of the blouse or guimpe.

One of the very smartest of the new sleeves has a long, tight undersleeve, with a "loop" extension at the inside, the outer sleeve being formed of rows of lace ruffles. The "loop" is a feature of many of the new sleeves on French frocks and makes a charmingly chic effect.

The fancy panamas used for dressy tailor-mades are so designed that they tempt one to the unique in sleeve effects. They combine the newest colorings with the last words in patterns, and, in addition, can be well handled by the average tailor. They are sufficiently cool and dust-resisting to make them a reliable fabric for spring and summer, while their cost is by no means extravagant. A gown in black and white striped panama exhibited in the Rue de la Paix this week was sufficiently striking to be picked out from a group of new models for especial admiration. The skirt is cut plain and touches the ground all around; whatever the fashion authorities of New York and London may say about the walking skirt's predominance, it certainly does not go in Paris for dressy occasions. Around the bottom of the skirt in question there is a fold of liberty satin, with a piping of plaited foulard on either side of the satin band.

TO TEMPT THE PALATE.

Raisin Pie—One cup raisins, two cups water, two eggs, three teaspoonsful cornstarch, one and one-half of ginger, juice of two lemons.

Blanc Mange—A pretty effect may be gained by molding white blanc mange in egg cups (arranging the molds in a circle, raising the center one), and garnishing the dish with strawberries and their leaves.

Cream Pie—Bake under crust when convenient. Put in double boiler one pint milk, three tablespoons sugar, one tablespoonful tapioca, yolk of one egg; flavor to taste, when thick as custard, and add well beaten white of one egg. When cool add to your crust.

Mocha Tart—Beat seven eggs separately, add one cup of confectioner's sugar, one cup of pulverized graham crackers and one teaspoonful of vanilla extract, and bake in layers. When cold whip one-half pint of cream, add two tablespoonsful of coffee extract and the same amount of confectioner's sugar. Place between layers and on top.

Indian Fruit Punch—Boil a pound of sugar, a quart of water and the grated yellow rind of a lemon five minutes and strain. Add a teaspoonful of bitter almond extract, the juice of three lemons, a teaspoonful of vanilla and two cupfuls of strong tea. When very cold add ice and a pint of effervescent or plain water.

Strawberry Pie—Put a good crust on a pie plate and brush it over with the white of an egg. In measuring ingredients allow half as much sugar as berries, and one-fourth as much flour as sugar. Mix sugar and flour together. Arrange berries and sugar in alternate layers on the crust. Cover the top with inch strips of pastry which cross each other and are pressed down where they touch the under crust. Bake in a quick oven.

Fried Onions.

As usually served, fried onions are a delusion and a snare, but cooked in the Kenilworth ranch way it will be a rare thing if they go begging. Cut in slices and soak in milk ten minutes. Then dip in flour and immerse in boiling fat, hot enough to brown instantly. You can not keep the slices whole, after they have fried six or seven minutes. Take out with a skimmer, lay on brown paper a few moments to absorb every suspicion of fat and serve with steak or veal cutlets. They will be firm and thoroughly delicious.

Home-Made Perfume.

A pleasant perfume for clothes is made by mixing one ounce each of cloves, caraway seed, nutmeg, cinnamon and Tonquin beans, ground or beaten to a powder. Put this mixture in a number of little bags, and place them among the woollen clothes that are put away for the summer. It is said to be an excellent moth preventive also.

Green Pea Soup.

Press through a colander one can of green peas. Add to this two cups of water, one teaspoonful of salt and one heaping tablespoonful of coconut butter. Cook in a double boiler until the butter is melted. Dried peas may be used by first cooking until tender, then pressing through a colander.

Removing Cream Stains.

Milk and cream stains can be removed from linen cloths by washing the stains first with cold water and soap, then in the usual manner. Boil in water in which soda, in the proportion of one tablespoonful to three gallons of water, has been dissolved, and rinse thoroughly.

NEWS OF THE LABOR WORLD

New York city pays in salaries to its more than 50,000 servants \$132 each minute in the day.

Nantes, France.—M. Yvteet, a delegate to the General Federation of Labor, was arrested on a charge of inviting law breaking when addressing strikers. He is alleged to have invited the men to "cut buttonholes" in their opponents.

Chicago.—A demand for an increase of 12½ cents an hour has been made by the Freight Handlers' union to 23 railroads entering the city. All of the roads are not affected, as in some freighthouses the laborers are not organized. In addition to the increase asked the men demand time and a half for overtime put in and double time for Sunday work.

Coatesville, Pa.—Over \$50,000 in coin, or as much as one horse could haul, was paid out by the Lukens Steel and Iron company here by a new system. A machine to make up the pay roll has been installed. Only specie can be arranged in the new process of making up the envelopes, and, as a result, the employees were paid off in gold and silver.

Toledo, O.—One of the most important matters considered by the Amalgamated convention was a resolution to change the due system from a grade to a percentage basis. At present the members pay into the national lodge as follows: On a \$2.50 wage per day or under, 60 cents per month; \$2.50 to \$5, 80 cents per month, and on everything over \$5, an assessment of \$1 per month.

A strike of quarrymen in Lemont, Ill., who demand two and one-half cents an hour increase, forced six quarries to practically cease operations. Nearly 1,000 laborers were affected by the walkout and the tieup may affect the building of the drainage canal at Lockport. Twenty-five employees of the Lincoln park board quit work in sympathy when they heard of the strike. The men were engaged in loading wagons with stone to be used for filling-in purposes.

Jeffersonville, Ind.—Following an advance in the wages of laborers at the local supply depot of the quartermaster's department to \$50 a month from a former \$40 and \$45, there comes a demand from the women who are employed to sew at the depot for a like increase. At the present time bundles of blouses are being given out, each bundle containing eight garments, for which the sum of \$2.80 is paid, while the work has to be perfect in every detail. Formerly the same work brought three dollars, and other articles have also been reduced recently, canvas overalls from \$3.60 to \$2.80 and flannel shirts from four dollars a bundle to \$2.80.

Milwaukee.—What is declared by the founders of this city to be the end of the molders' strike, which originated last May, came when Judge Sanborn in the United States court declared that a permanent injunction should issue against the striking molders of the Allis-Chalmers company. This injunction restrains them from disturbing the corporation, forbids picketing absolutely, forbids visits of strikers to houses of non-union men for purposes of persuasion and stops all interference with the rights of the Allis-Chalmers company. Picketing of any nature is held by the court to be in the nature of a conspiracy to injure the plaintiff's business.

Chicago.—The 150 steam pipe and boiler coverers who struck May 1 for an increase in wages have been notified that the will never be reemployed. "You are discharged forever," was the notice sent the strikers. The latter are affiliated with the Associated Building Trades. A committee has been appointed by the board of business agents of the building trades to investigate the failure of fire proofing companies to properly safeguard employees by installing temporary floors.

The Wakamatsu iron and steel works, under Japanese imperial control, are nearing completion at a total cost of \$20,000,000. As an evidence of Japanese economy the official salaries are noticeable. The president gets \$2,000 a year, the chief expert \$1,500, the two managers \$1,000 each, eight experts averaging \$600 each and 30 clerks and 40 assistants have an average monthly wage of \$15. All the principal machinery appears to be English and German makes, except the electric cranes, which are American made, as also is a fair share of the minor machinery. The works and the workers' houses cover 350 acres.

San Francisco.—A fearful labor war nearly was precipitated when the declaration of the open shop, a lockout and a fight to the death with unions was considered by builders and contractors at a conference. Conservatism finally won out and it was agreed to appoint a committee to treat with the unions with a view of insuring peace for at least a year, that the work of reconstructing the destroyed portions of the city could proceed. Several speakers had urged immediate war and cessation of operations until the open shop was established.

Joliet, Ill.—Employees of the Elgin, Joliet & Eastern and the Chicago, Lake Shore & Eastern railroad, which are owned by the United States Steel Corporation, were surprised to receive notice that their wages, dating from May 1, had been raised. The skilled employees get an increase of 30 cents a day, and the common laborers 15 cents a day. This applies to employees in the yards and shops, as well as on the roads. About 1,000 men are affected. The action of the companies means an addition of \$55,000 a year to the pay roll.

Omaha, Neb.—E. F. Ptacek, a clerk in the Railway Mail Service, had worked steadily during the last 18 months, with an average of but two hours' sleep a day. His home is at Kearney, and his run is on a mixed train between that town and Caloway, a distance of 67 miles. Owing to heavy traffic this train is usually late. The postal clerk leaves Kearney at three o'clock in the morning, and it is rare that he gets back till late in the night. It frequently happens that he is in his home but a single hour, when he is called out again to take his run. Once in a while he gets from three to four hours' rest in his bed. It is a matter of record that for the last year and a half he has not had an average of more than two hours' sleep a day. As a result of the strain to which this loss of sleep has subjected him, he has grown very thin and exceedingly nervous, and physicians tell him that unless he takes a thorough rest he will within a few weeks be a complete mental and physical wreck. Not only has Ptacek got along for a year and a half on two hours' sleep a day, but he has gone without his breakfast and supper, and frequently has eaten only a sandwich and a piece of pie and drank a cup of coffee at dinner time. The train ran so he could not get breakfast, and he got home so late he cared not for supper.

Pittsburg.—Pittsburg is to have a Union Labor Temple, erected at a cost approximating \$250,000, if the present plans of the incorporators of the Union Labor Temple company are carried out. A charter was granted to the company on Monday. Its object is to erect a labor union building in a central part of the city. The company was incorporated through its attorney, James Byron Drew, with a capital of \$50,000. The officers are: James L. Quigg, president; Simon Burns, formerly of the Window Glass workers, vice president; Thomas L. Slater treasurer, and James Galbraith, secretary. Other labor leaders whose names appeared in the application for the charter are: John Ferneau, Frank E. Smith and Henry Legleighter. As soon as the present capital stock is sold it is intended to increase the capitalization to \$100,000 and from this gradually to about \$250,000. Attorney Drew stated that the building, if erected, would be patterned after the Labor Union Temple at Montreal, Canada. The first floor would be occupied by a number of store rooms. Above will be offices, while the two top floors will be set apart for lodge rooms and a large auditorium. There is a whisper in labor circles that the incorporators would endeavor to get the government to grant them a portion of the wharf property immediately adjoining the Smithfield street bridge, on the west side of the structure. What argument they would advance to secure such a site is not stated.

Paterson, N. J.—Because they have been denied the privilege of bringing beer into the shops during working hours, and also because the company refused to discharge an unpopular foreman, 250 men employed in the blacksmith shop of the Rogers Locomotive works walked out. One of the first acts of the new foreman, George Browne, was to post notice that no beer be brought into the works and that the men were not to leave the shops during the work hours to visit saloons.

Chicago.—P. J. Dolan, general secretary and treasurer of the International Brotherhood of Steamshovelers and Dredgemen, in an interview denied recent published reports that a strike of shovel men and dredgemen working on the Panama canal had been called officially. "Some shovel men have quit because they were dissatisfied," said Mr. Dolan, "but no strike has been called. You may say no strike will be called at present. We realize that while we must uphold the rights of labor, we must remember that we are a factor in something of patriotic concern, and will do our full duty as citizens."

San Francisco.—All the electricians in the employ of the United Railroads struck in sympathy with the striking car men. There is direct authority for the statement that the electricians employed by the San Francisco Gas & Electric company will not strike, as to do so would be breaking the union's contract with the corporation.

Detroit, Mich.—By a small majority the striking shipbuilders of the Ecorle plant of the Great Lakes Engineering works voted at a meeting to return to work under the old conditions which prevailed before the strike.

Coffman & Owen
HARDWARE and TINNERS
PHONE NO. 279

THE EVENING NEWS

M. LEVIN
NEW and SECOND HAND
FURNITURE

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

NUMBER 81

VOLUME 4

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 24 1907

Kirchbaum Clothing

Manns's Shoes

All America Shoes

Julian Kokenge Oxfords

Little Red School Shoes
for children

Eagle Shirts
Regent Shirts.

Straw Hats
Panama Hats

COX--GREER--McDONALD CO.

HAS FAITH IN
K. C. L. & P.

Contractor King Says Ada's Fourth
Railroad Will Be Built.

R F King and W A Parker well
known contractors who formerly had
headquarters in Ada are here from
Muskogee.

Mr King who has a contract to fur-
nish the ties and other timber for
construction of the much projected K
C. L. & P. expresses considerable
faith in the eventual building
of that road. He says it would have
been under construction long ago but
for the unfavorable conditions which

have retarded railroad development
the country over of late

BRYAN AT SULPHUR
Many Will Hear Him Wednesday—
Special Train.

John Casteel was here from Sul-
phur promoting the big chautauque
at that place. It begins with W J
Bryan Wednesday at which time an
enormous crowd is expected. The
Frisco will run an excursion train
leaving Holdenville at 6 a m. Ada at
7 15 and arriving at Sulphur 9 30
returning will leave Sulphur at 8 30
p m. one and one third fare the
round trip. Bryan will speak at 10 a
m. A number of Ada people are plan-
ning to go and hear the great com-
moner.

Something Needed Portland Park Addition

Lots near the big Cement Plant to accommodate the hundreds of
laborers to be employed in this great industry. This need has been met
by laying out the Portland Park Addition just west of the cement plant.
Lots are 30 feet by 140, with 60-foot streets and 20-foot alleys. Prices
of lots are from \$20 to \$30. Terms, \$5 down and \$2 per month. A large
reservoir is to be built on the north side by the cement company which
will afford boating and fishing.

**The Title is Perfect and the Location
Sightly and Healthful.**

**Get on Easy Street by Buying Lots in
Portland Park.**

**Homes in the Reach of All in Portland
Park Addition.**

**Plant your Money in Portland Park and let it
Grow.**

**Real Estate is the foundation of wealth--it's
safe and sure. Get in on the ground floor at
Portland Park**

Only room for 80 families in Portland Park while hundreds will be
needed. This is the only land that will be available for years.

Have you seen Ada lots advance one hundred and even one thousand
per cent, while you waited to see what the town would do? Take a
tumble to yourself and buy lots in Portland Park. These lots are being
sold at half their real value and on terms within the reach of all.

Ada Title and Trust Co.

Read The News Want Ads.

DRILLING FOR OIL AND GAS

**The Big Bit is Biting Into Mother
Earth--Ada People Expectant**

At ten o'clock Monday morning pre-
parations were completed and actual
drilling for oil and gas began out on
the Oklahoma Natural Gas Company's
lease one mile northeast of town.

The Company has showed considera-
ble confidence in the enterprise erect-
ing a splendid rig for the work. Chief
Driller Sanders will now keep the
work steadily going night and day un-
til he reaches results or bores a deep
duster. He expects to get down
about 150 feet a day. So within ten
of fifteen days barring serious acci-
dent there should be a pretty thor-
ough test of the locality.

The rig in readiness was the mecca
of Ada sightseers Sunday. Of course
many had never inspected one. They
were surprised to see such a big, sub-
stantial outfit with its massive tim-
bers, ponderous metals and intermin-
able cables. And a good crowd was
present this morning to bid the work
Godspeed as it began.

Ada has been impatiently waiting
six years for this. Naturally every
one is on the qui vive for develop-
ments as the bit descends lower and
lower. Every body is hopeful of re-
sults. Experts believe there is plenty
below. A 200 foot well near by has
revealed unmistakable signs of it. Sur-
face indications are most encouraging.
Everybody hopes for a gusher.

FOR SAFER RAILROAD TRAVEL

**President Roosevelt and Governors
Asked to Aid in Campaign.**

Kansas City, Mo. June 24.—Presi-
dent Roosevelt and the governors of
several states have been asked to aid
the National Union of Railway Track-
men in a campaign for greater safety
in railway travel. J I Sheppard of
Fort Scott, Kan. secretary of the or-
ganization Saturday sent out a letter
to the president and several governors
in which he says:

If we can obtain the co-operation
of those interested we would have as
safe condition of railroad travel as in
Europe. We should certainly have
either government or state inspection

of railway tracks. Someone should
be held responsible to the people for
keeping the tracks in proper repair and
properly patrolled.

"It is a curious condition of affairs
but it is true. We have state inspection
of factories and mines of beer barbers,
bers and dentists, there is a state con-
trol over the product of the busy bee
and the farmer who raises wheat must
pay a state inspection fee before he
can market his grain. But there is
no law that is observed that provides
for the inspection of railroad tracks.

CROP CONDITIONS IMPROVING

**Throughout the Cotton Belt a Fine
Week for Growth--Rain Retards
in Oklahoma**

Memphis, Tenn. June 24.—The
Commercial Appeal to-day will print
the following summary of crop
conditions compiled from reports
received from its special correspon-
dents throughout the cotton belt.

The cotton crop made material ad-
vances during the week. An impor-
tant step forward has been made in
cultivation and except a few scatter-
ing localities, the crop is clean and in
an excellent state of cultivation for
the season. An exception to this is the
state of Oklahoma where rains during
the week kept labor from the fields.

Correspondents note that the plant
though still quite small is healthy
and in condition to respond well to fa-
vorable future conditions should such
occur. The crop is still two to four
weeks late, however according to lo-
cality, and in many sections of the
central and eastern cotton belt the
poor stands have not been remedied.
The older planted cotton in the south-
ern districts is forming blooms are
reported from several of these sec-
tions and in other places the stalk is
taking on bolls.

Such rainfall as occurred with the
exception of Oklahoma as noted above
was highly beneficial coming as it did

Following thorough cultivation and so
where has the cotton suffered yet from
lack of moisture. Over the entire cen-
tral and eastern belt however, the
rains were local in character and light
in quantity.

Temperatures were high and the
cotton is taking on the best color it
has yet had. The Carolinas alone
complain of rather cool nights and
slightly less plant growth that would
otherwise have occurred.

In Texas and Louisiana boll weevil
is reported.

New Orleans, June 24.—The Plea-
yune today will say:

Continued improvement of cotton
crop throughout Louisiana and the
southern portion of Mississippi is in-
dicated in reports to the Pleayune for
the week ending today. The weather
has been excellent for field work, but
considerable grass remains to be de-
stroyed. In some sections the soil is
hard and soddy and the growth of the
plant is slow. Late cotton as a rule
has been chopped out and mounded
and gives better indications than the
earlier plantings. Much good bottom
land remains idle because of inability
to drain and plant in time.

OKLAHOMA DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

Platform adopted by the Oklahoma
state democratic convention

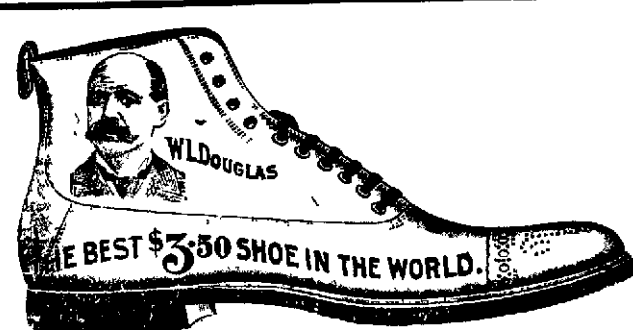
We the representatives of the demo-
cratic party of the state of Okla-
homa in appealing to the citizenship of
our state for their support, do re-
spectfully submit these principles of
self government for which we stand
and which are of special interest in
the campaign.

Local Issues.

We believe we should have the right
of local self government immediately
without denial delay or evasion.

We believe the people of Oklahoma
should and will condemn at the polls
the efforts of those who are trying
to defeat statehood for our people.

We submit to the people of Okla-
homa the best state constitution that
has ever been written, and in asking
the suffrage of the patriotic citizen-
ship of this state, we firmly stand up
on this constitution in its entirety as
our platform.



**A full line of High Top
and Low Cut Oxfords, Pat-
ent, Vici, Velor and Gun
Medals. The best \$3.50
Shoe in Ada.**

I. HARRIS

have carried out in perfect good faith
every pledge made us by the people of
the state, and have drawn a constitu-
tion which not only protects the
right to life liberty and the pursuit
of happiness of the citizens, but a con-
stitution that takes the most advanced
ground of any organic law in exist-
ence for the protection of the property
rights of the people against the
stealthy hand of ingenious modern
monopoly.

School Lands.
We believe that as soon as possible
and practicable the lands held by the
state for educational purposes should
be sold upon terms that shall be ab-
solutely fair to the people of this state,
preserving the preference right to the
lessees, guaranteed by the enabling
act and to the end that such lands
should become taxable and be made
more valuable and productive by the
actual owner thereof.

We believe that the funds derived
from the sale of such land should be
fully preserved and invested as pro-
vided in the constitution.

We believe that the present state
schools should be maintained and that
other necessary state schools and in-
stitutions should be established equi-
tably throughout the state.

Coal and Asphalt Lands.
We favor the purchase of the se-
gregated coal and asphalt lands at a
fair price to be agreed upon by the
state authorities and the Choctaw and
Chickasaw governments subject to the
approval by a vote of the people of
this state before the contract of pur-
chase shall become effective.

We favor the fullest development
of such lands in the interests of the
schools and charitable institutions
and the product of cheap fuel for the
people of this state.

We favor the immediate sale of the
surface of such segregated coal and
asphalt lands in small tracts to ac-
tual settlers.

We strongly oppose the passing of
the timber land and other natural re-
sources of this state into the hands of
the great monopolies.

Removal of Restrictions.
We believe the people of this sover-
eign state should have the full meas-
ure of liberty enjoyed by citizens of
other sovereign states.

We believe that the various federal
bureaus established in this state
should be immediately terminated and
that the basis of this bureau govern-
ment the restrictions on the sale and
lease of land of our citizen should be
removed summarily except as to
homesteads of full bloods and we
favor the immediate settlement of all
tribal affairs and the immediate dis-
tribution of all tribal funds.

We believe that the estates of those
mentally incompetent of whatsoever
race, should be protected by our state
probate courts. We will take care of
our own defectives of whatever race
or color and will not rely upon the
federal government to discharge this
proper function of our own state.

Invested Capital.
We believe that it is of the greatest
importance to the development of our
new state to give perfect safety and
assurance to invested capital, and that
where complete security is afforded

capital will gladly seek investment
at the lowest rates of interest.

We draw a broad line of distinction
between capital invested in honest en-
terprises and predatory capital en-
gaged in conspiracy against the proceeds
of labor of the American people. We
oppose the crafty corporations which
artfully contrive to destroy compe-
tition and thus fix arbitrary prices on
the necessities of life and on those
things which are produced by our own
people. We do not intend to encour-
age predatory capital in this state. We
do intend to protect our own people in
the proceeds of their honest
labor. We favor especial care for
the protection of the rights and inter-
ests of the laboring people, such as
the tradesmen and women and child-
ren of this state.

Natural Resources.
We favor the steady development of
all our natural resources and espe-
cially of our oil and gas region.

We favor the development of every
form of manufacture for which our
natural resources so well qualify the
state.

We pledge the passage of a road
law that will enable the people in
each county to provide themselves a
good system of roads.

Schools.
We recommend the education of the
people as absolutely essential to the
development of this state and to the
continuance of supremacy of the dem-
ocratic party. We pledge the party
to vigorously promote in every reason-
able way our public school system, so
that this state shall stand in the front
rank in the educational column.

Economy.
We pledge to the people of this
state an economical and faithful
administration of its affairs and that
the state taxes shall be as low as pos-
sible for the conduct of a state gov-
ernment properly administered.

Separate Coaches.
We approve the resolution of the
constitutional convention of March 1,
1907, pledging the enactment of laws
at the earliest possible date during the
first session of the first legislature
providing for separate coaches or ac-
commodations and waiting rooms for
the negro race.

Prohibition.
The question of prohibition has
been removed from partisan politics
and has been left to a vote of the
people in accordance with the prin-
ciples of the referendum.

Fulfillment of Pledges.
In the constitution which we submit
we call attention to the important fact
that we have faithfully carried out
every pledge made to the people in the
last campaign. We unreservedly en-
dorse the action of the democratic ma-
jority in its faithful compliance in
drawing the constitution in accord-
ance with our pledges to the people,
and we pledge that the democratic
party if now entrusted with power in
the administration of the state gov-
ernment will faithfully enforce, exe-
cute and carry into effect every prin-
ciple of said constitution as adopted
by the people and a strict enforcement
of every law enacted by the people or
legislature of this state.

National Issues.
We hereby express our allegiance

(Continued on page 2)

OTIS B. WEAVER, Editor and Owner
HOWARD PARKER, Associate Editor
GEO. B. CHASE, Business Mgr.

Entered as second-class mail matter March 26, 1904, at the post office at Ada, Indian Territory under the Act of Congress March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on Application

Democratic Ticket

- United States Senators**
Robert L. Owen
Thos. P. Gore
- Justices Supreme Court**
Jesse J. Dunn
S. W. Hays
R. L. Williams
Matthew W. Kane
J. B. Turner
- Governor**
C. N. Haskell
- Lieutenant Governor**
Geo. W. Bellamy
- Attorney General**
Chas. West
- Secretary of State**
William M. Cross
- Treasurer**
James Menefee
- Auditor**
M. E. Trapp
- Clerk of Supreme Court**
W. H. L. Campbell
- State Examiner**
Chas. Taylor
- Superintendent Public Instruction**
E. D. Cameron
- Mine Inspector**
Peter Hanratty
- Commissioner of Charities**
Miss Kate Barnard
- Commissioner of Labor**
Charles Dougherty
- Insurance Commissioner**
J. T. McComb
- Corporation Commissioners**
J. J. McAlester
A. P. Watson
J. E. Love

DISTRICT OFFICERS.

- Congress**
C. D. Carter
- State Senator**
R. M. Roddie
- District Judge**
A. T. West
- Floterial Representative**
Edgar S. Ratliff

COUNTY OFFICERS

- Representative**
Frank Huddleston
- County Judge**
Joel Terrell
- County Attorney**
Robt. Wimbish
- Clerk of District Court**
W. D. Lowden
- County Clerk**
W. S. Kerr
- Sheriff**
T. J. Smith
- County Treasurer**
J. C. Cates
- Register of Deeds**
C. C. Hargis
- County Surveyor**
George Truitt
- Superintendent of Schools**
T. F. Pierce
- County Weigher**
Charles A. Thomas
- County Commissioner District No. 1.**
John D. Rindard
- County Commissioner District No. 2**
C. W. Floyd
- County Commissioner District No. 3**
G. M. Short

TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.

- Precinct No. 1.**
Trustee, R. C. Jester; Justice of the Peace, H. J. Brown, W. H. Nettles; Constables, J. M. Raney, J. D. Looper.
- Precinct No. 2.**
Trustee, Jas. R. Floyd; Justice of the Peace, A. Gaylor, P. H. Martin; Clerk, C. Sturdivant; Treasurer, G. A. Smith; Constables, Chas. Hopkins, A. F. Dillard.
- Precinct No. 3.**
Trustee J. C. Rushing; Justice of the Peace, W. H. Hammond; Constables, Jas. W. Willard, J. O. Smith.
- Precinct No. 4.**
Trustee, W. M. Thompson; Treasurer, J. D. Price; Justice of the Peace, Joe Gambel, G. W. Tigner; Constables, Lee Price, J. B. Robertson.
- Precinct No. 5.**
Trustee, W. S. Tinsley; Justice of the Peace, R. D. Miers, R. S. Baker; Constables, R. F. Anderson, W. C. Bolen.
- Precinct No. 6.**
Justice of the Peace, Joe Anderson, W. T. Fleet; Constables, G. W. Davidson, M. L. Nichols.
- Precinct No. 7.**
Trustee, R. Attaway, Justice of the Peace, Geo. R. Collins, L. C. Lindsey; Constables, Will Allen, Seth Perrin.
- Precinct No. 8.**
Trustee, S. P. Bales; Treasurer, J. B. Parker; Justice of the Peace, Wm. P. Allen, E. S. Snodgrass; Constables, W. Corbin, H. A. McConnell; Clerk, J. M. Harris.
- Precinct No. 9.**
Justice of the Peace, A. P. Roberts, J. A. Mercer; Constables, D. L. Galey, J. W. Wilson.

INSIDES OF THE OPPOSITION.

The following is an excerpt from Washington correspondence of the Commonwealth, exposing the "insides" of the statehood opposition:

At the risk of seeming to harp too much on one subject I wish to again say a few words about the political conspiracy now being consummated to keep the 1,500,000 people of Oklahoma and Indian Territory out of the United States. What is being done to effect this purpose, and to prevent the possible addition of a new democratic state to the column of that party is absolutely the most discreditable and disgraceful piece of political chicanery recorded in the history of this country.

Here is one illustration. Recently I met a certain Frank Frantz, governor of Oklahoma by appointment of Theodore Roosevelt. Frank Frantz was one of those Rough Riders who did not ride in battle, but were all, or many of them, ridden into public office by aid of their former colonel. He was lieutenant under the famous Captain "Bucky" ONiel, and upon the death of that officer succeeded to the captainship. After the war he went to Oklahoma and speedily became a politician. He got a \$25,000 postmaster'ship, and when Mr. Roosevelt became president aspired higher. He was appointed by the president governor of the territory, not because he had any peculiar qualifications therefor, but because he was a Rough Rider and a trusty supporter of Roosevelt republicanism. The people of the territory had nothing to say about it. There were 800,000 people in Oklahoma when he was appointed, but one man put him in office. Naturally Mr. Frantz did not attach much importance to voters or votes.

I wish to lay emphasis on what I said to me recently. I asked what was the political character of the convention which adopted this constitution. "There were one hundred and twelve delegates," he said, of whom one hundred were democrats. "Supposing the constitution is approved by the voters and turned down by the president of the United States?" I asked, "is it not probable that the next convention will be even more overwhelming democratic?" Won't a feeling in the two territories that an unfair partisan advantage has been taken at Washington? And if another convention shall be constituted in the same way as this one, what will you do then?"

"We would appeal to Washington again." In other words the governor of Oklahoma, appointed by the president, looks to Washington to save him and his job, from the vote of the people of the territory. He was here accompanied by a number of the least creditable members of the republican party, to plead for a continuance of the conditions under which nearly 1,500,000 people in that growing southwestern section are disfranchised; are given absolutely no voice in their own local affairs. They are governed as Porto Rico is governed. They are governed as England governs the people of India for the profit of a few favorites of the ruling class.

Governor Frantz was asked what objections he could urge to the constitution as adopted by the delegates who were elected by the people of the territories instead of being appointed by a beneficent ruler 1,500 miles away. He didn't like the proviso that corporations doing business in the state should become incorporated in the state. He thought the declaration of the initiative and referendum was entirely wrong, but he heartily approved the submission of the prohibition plank in the constitution to the people. In other words he sided at the word "referendum" and yet he applauded the one immediate application of it.

ORDINANCE No. 181.

An Ordinance Providing for the Opening of the Streets and Alleys of the City of Ada, I. T., and the Prevention of the Obstruction thereof.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ADA, I. T.

SECTION 1.—That all the public streets and alleys of all parts of the CITY OF ADA, duly incorporated therein, shall be opened.

SECTION 2.—That it shall be unlawful for any persons or persons, firm or corporation, to fence, enclose, erect any building within, or to otherwise obstruct any of the public streets and alleys of the City of Ada, or to allow any such obstruction of any nature to remain therein.

SECTION 3.—That in the event of any obstruction of any nature or description shall be found in any of the public streets or alleys of the said City of Ada, it shall be deemed a nuisance. And it shall be the duty of the City Marshal thereof to notify, in writing, the owner of such obstruction or the person or persons in charge of such obstruction or responsible for its being in said streets or alleys, to remove the same within ten days from the date of the service of said notice. And in case no owner of such obstruction can be found, and

no person responsible for the placing or allowing of such obstruction to remain in said streets, a notice shall be published in some weekly paper published in said city of Ada, for three consecutive weeks, warning the unknown owner or keeper of said obstruction to remove the same from the said streets within ten days from the last day of the publication of the said notice.

SECTION 4.—That in the event of any person, firm or corporation, having been first duly notified as hereinbefore provided, shall be found guilty of violating any of the provisions of this ordinance upon information or complaint filed before the Mayor of the said City of Ada, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined in any sum not to exceed TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS; and for every day after the expiration of the ten day's notice shall have expired, any obstruction that shall remain in any of the said streets or alleys of the said city, there shall be taxed a penalty against the said obstruction, the sum of FIVE DOLLARS per day, which said penalty shall be a lien on the said obstruction until the said penalty is paid. And the city marshal aforesaid, shall have the power and it shall be his duty to tear down and remove to the dumping ground of the said city, any such obstruction, and shall be paid therefor for the actual expense thus incurred, out of the funds of the said City of Ada; or if the obstruction be of any value, it shall be sold to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, after the marshal have first given ten days' notice of such sale, by posting in three public places within the said city, one of which places shall be the postoffice thereof.

SECTION 5.—That nothing herein shall be construed as to prevent the Mayor of the City of Ada, with the consent of the majority of the Street Committee, from extending the time in which to remove any obstruction from any of the streets or alleys of the said city, when he believes the same cannot be removed within the required time without great inconvenience or waste to the owners or occupants thereof.

SECTION 6.—That provided, however, that fences enclosing sidewalks where shade trees are not growing between 17th street and the City Limits on the south and between 5th street and the City Limits on the north, shall be permitted for a period of two years from the passage of this ordinance.

SECTION 7.—That all former ordinances in conflict with this are hereby repealed.

SECTION 8.—That this ordinance shall go into force and effect after its passage and publication.

PASSED AND APPROVED this 17th day of June, A. D. 1907.

C. O. Barton, Mayor.
Jesse Warren, City Recorder.
Published this 24th day of June, 1907.

GLEN OIL FIELDS ABLAZE

Started by Lightning the blaze Spreads \$100,000 Damage.

Tulsa, I. T. June 24.—Fire Sunday in the Glen oil fields, caused by lightning, destroyed a 55,000 barrel tank full of oil on the Quaker Oil and Gas Company's lease; two 1,600 barrel tanks on the Victoria Oil Company's lease, and a 100,000 barrel lake of oil on Hammett & Crosby's lease. The blaze spreading from the wooden tanks fired the tank of oil. The total loss will amount to over \$100,000. Heavy damage from lightning is reported from Coddys Bluff, Ramona and other oil fields in the Cherokee Nation.

Nominated District Judge.

The News notes with gratification that Judge James R. Tolbert of Hobart, Okla., brother of our fellow-townsmen, S. R. Tolbert, and of the late J. B. Tolbert, was nominated district judge of his district in the recent primaries. He holds the distinction of carrying every county in the district.

OKLAHOMA DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

to the great principles of government advocated by the national democratic party, upon which we believe the future welfare of this republic must depend.

We reaffirm our allegiance to that greatest living exponent of democratic principles, William Jennings Bryan, and endorse him for our presidential nominee in 1908.

We emphatically demand the reasonable and proper control of transportation and transmission companies and the supervision and control of all enterprises engaged in interstate commerce.

We favor the improvement of the waterways of the Missouri Valley and the establishment of water transportation wherever practicable throughout the union.

We believe that the patriotic elements of the republican party are no longer able to control or greatly influence that great political organism. We believe that the machinery in that party has fallen under the insidious influence of the great plutocratic powers and organized monopolies of this nation.

We denounce and condemn the national republican party for the lavish use of money belonging to the people of Oklahoma in the reclamation service in other states, and pledge our members in our national congress to use their best efforts to require the reclamation service to use the money belonging to Oklahoma in Oklahoma.

We believe that the vast contributions of money by these special interests have given such interests such power over the republican party that a remedy for national conditions under which the people suffer is impossible through that party.

We appeal therefore to every good citizen who places patriotism above commercialism, happiness and the welfare of the great body of our producing classes above the enrichment of the few; and who believe in local self government, to join us in a holy crusade for the restoration to the people of their rights.

We enjoin upon the advocates of democracy that they trust with special respect those of our fellow citizens who by environment, affiliation, or by other reasons have heretofore affiliated with other parties, and we urge them to use only sound argument in appealing to their reason and to use the force of courtesy and kindness in persuading them to join us in the great task of restoring to the American people their rights to the pursuit of happiness.

GETTING READY FOR BRYAN

Sulphur Preparing for a Big Day When The Commoner Comes.

Sulphur, I. T., June 24.—Great and unusual preparations are being made for the coming of W. J. Bryan. Mr. Bryan will speak on the morning of June 26th at the opening of the Epworth League Chautauqua. Trains will be run on both the Santa Fe and the Frisco so as to get the people here in time for the great commoner's lecture which will begin at 10:30 Wednesday morning. An excursion will come down from Holdenville. Large crowds are coming in on every train and are taking rooms and cottages for the entire chautauqua and for the 4th of July celebration which begins on the morning of the 3rd and closes on the night of the 6th.

MEXICAN IN DURANCE VILE.

Manuel Accused of Swiping Opera Glasses and Other Bric-a-brac.

Manuel Neoni is the name of the accused; Leopoldo Arurella and Ramon Sanchez are the names of the witnesses—all obviously Mexicans.

Manuel stands committed to the Ardmore jail in default of a \$1,000 bond set today by Judge Winn after a hearing accorded him on a charge of grand larceny. The story goes: Manuel stole a lot of clothes, a watch, opera glasses, and other bric-a-brac out of a laborer's camp at Lawrence the other day. Lawrence is the name of the new station at the Cement Company's quarry south of town. With his goods Manuel made his way to Roff where he was apprehended by U. S. Deputy Ed Brents Saturday night.

To All Our Customers, And Others:

We have bought the W. S. Akers Meat Market and have moved it into our store and will handle all kinds of meats and would be pleased to have you give us a trial.

Phone 92 for Fresh Meats and Groceries

Duffal @ Price

CAPITOL HILL LOTS ON EASY PAYMENT PLAN

Capitol Hill

Acres will be best residence property. Close in; shade trees on every street

Beard & Blanks

Office 1st Door West Harris Hotel

(AN OLD AND ESTABLISHED HOUSE)

ARMSTRONG, BYRD & CO

—OF OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA.—

Have been established in the PIANO and ORGAN business in Oklahoma and Indian Territories for ten years. They are the largest music house in the Southwest, and carry a magnificent line of thirty-two of the best known and most reliable makes of Pianos. They sell from \$50.00 to \$75.00 cheaper than any other firm sell Pianos of the same grade and quality.

IF I THE MARKET FOR A PIANO FIGURE WITH THEM

The Long Distance Telephone

USE IT TODAY AND SAVE DELAY

Other ways of transacting your affairs cannot compare with it in HIGH VALUE LOW PRICE QUICK SERVICE

This is the comprehensive means of communication.

PIONEER TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO.

Telephone Directory.

The New Telephone Directory is being prepared for the Printer. We want your name to appear correctly. Any changes you desire, notify the Manager.

PIONEER TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO.

We keep a full line of prescription goods. We know how and can fill any prescription. We don't substitute. We deliver.

Crescent Drug Store

Dr. F. Z. Holley, Prop.

Pianos We have just received several late styles and would be glad to have you call and inspect.

Organs We can sell you a good organ from \$25 to \$100, \$5 down and \$2 per month. You'll have to hurry.

Sewing Machines A few high grade ball bearing White Sewing Machines at \$22.50 while they last.

Sheet Music We are receiving new music every day. Come and try it on our pianos. Tell us your music troubles. Let us reason together.

Matthews Music Co.

Main-Street

Andrew Carnegie

Says the best way to accumulate money is to resolutely save and bank a fixed portion of your income, no matter how small the amount. Suppose you follow the advice of Carnegie who started in life poor and open an account with

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

PERSONAL MENTION

If you know it tell it or telephone it to The News. Keep in mind that the reporter is gifted with neither omniscience nor ubiquity.

R. L. Woodhouse was in Oklahoma yesterday.

D. C. McCarry was up from Tupelo over night.

Wm. J. Scotts of Lester was a Sunday visitor.

L. L. Smith and wife were here from Sapulpa today.

I. McNair, and Miss Lottie went to St. Louis yesterday.

J. S. Anderson and E. T. Riser were visitors from Woodward.

Jesse Shands was here from Madill with home folks yesterday.

J. G. Hall and wife, from Cotter, Ark., are guests at the Harris.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Swaffar were here from Stonewall for Sunday.

Jas. Casper, a cattleman from St. Joseph, Mo., is a visitor in the city.

Mrs. Orville Snead has returned home from a visit with relatives at Dougherty.

Mr. D. Kaplan, of Waco, Texas, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. I. Harris, on Thirteenth street and Broadway.

W. H. L. Campbell, who returned sick from Oklahoma City last week, is still indisposed, though able to be about some.

Mrs. A. Vogt will arrive from Basel, Switzerland, the first of next week. She was due to arrive today, but missed the steamer.

Mrs. Hiram Glass of Texarkana and Mrs. William Miller of Tishomingo arrived Sunday for a short visit with the family of Mrs. Glass' nephew, A. M. Gregg.

Don't fail to see that fire July 4th at Roff. The competing fire boys will make the race three-fourths of a mile after the house is set on fire. Several teams are expected to compete.

Carl Meadows has resigned his position as fire clerk at the Harris. He is succeeded by P. C. Howe, formerly night clerk. Carl will accept employment with the steam laundry.

Two Deaths.

Samuel Dickey, the 12 year old stepson of Henry Collins, died at the home at Stonewall, Saturday. He was the boy who was accidentally shot several days ago. The remains were brought to Ada for interment Sunday.

The infant of Chas. Brown, residing on East Tenth street, died Saturday and was buried Sunday at Stonewall.

Chapman Brand Shoes

STRICTLY HIGH GRADE GUARANTEED PATENT

\$5

We have the finest line of Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes in Ada. You will get better satisfaction and save money in buying shoes at our exclusive shoe store.

CHAPMAN

The Shoe Man

STREET FAIR DELAYED A DAY.

Big Week's Amusement Will Begin Tuesday.

The numerous attaches of the G. W. Andrean Amusement Company arrived Sunday preparatory to putting on the big street fair in Ada this week.

Due to delayed arrival of much of the equipment from Atoka, where the amusement folk held out last week, it will be Tuesday before the tents can be erected and the carnival begin.

The vacant lots in front of the Harris hotel have been secured for the fair.

These people come well recommended, and they guarantee clean up-to-date amusement.

In Mayor's Court.

Mayor Barton has a congested docket these days. But he isn't able to dispose of the cases as rapidly as he would like. For instance the trial of a dusky damsel for vagrancy resulted in a hung jury this morning.

One Frankston pleaded guilty to fighting Saturday night, and promising to arrange to pay his fine speedily the officers gave him a little liberty. Like learning, a little liberty is at times a dangerous thing. For Frank proceeded to hot foot the officers and gave them an hilarious chase as far as the cement works. He was brought back to town, irons were clamped on him, and he is now working on the streets. Also Uncle Dick filed a complaint against him for tearing up the calaboose during his confinement.

New Band Instructor.

The Ada Merchants Band boys are an energetic, persevering sort. They do not propose to let up on their practice until Ada has the crack band of the country. A new instructor, Mr. Frank Deal, late of Wynnewood, has been engaged and is now in the city ready to begin coaching his crew.

Gilbert Reed Very Low.

Gilbert Reed, who was taken sick in Oklahoma City a week ago, is reported very low today. Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Reed, his parents are both at his bedside. Mr. Reed phoned Dr. Drowall to come to Oklahoma City at once.

Likes The Pontotoc Country.

O. C. Lyons, a capitalist from Des Moines, Iowa, and son, W. M. Lyons, are in the city. Mr. Lyons is so well impressed with the prospects of this country that he contemplates setting up his son in the instrument business at Ada.

Big Time In North Ada.

Rev. Hampton of Pauls Valley, who is conducting the revival in North Ada preached two strong sermons to large congregations. There were four additions at the two services yesterday. The meetings will continue throughout the week and everybody is invited to be present.

Blue Lodge Election.

Ada Lodge No. 95 A. F. & A. M. held its regular annual election of officers Saturday night. These are the officers chosen for the ensuing year: Chas. Little, W. M.; T. D. McKeown, S. W.; E. H. McKendree, J. W.; S. M. Torbett, Treasurer; C. A. Powers, Secretary.

Miss Jernigan to Leave.

Miss Mollie Jernigan, cousin to The News and for more than two years a most valuable assistant in the office, has resigned her position and next Monday will depart for her old Kentucky home whither her sister, Mrs. S. J. Martin removed some weeks ago. The News regrets to lose her; so will the town, for she has the highest esteem of everybody that knows her.

Fierce War on Liquor.

Office Deputy U. S. Marshal Brents states he has filed 13 complaints during the last two day against parties for selling booze.

Washout on Frisco.

This morning's Frisco was eight hours late on account of a bad washout which occurred early in the morning about 40 miles east of Sapulpa.

Marriage Licenses.

N. L. Self, 23, and May Thurman, 19, Maxwell. Geo. W. Doty, 27, and Jennie Pernel, 18, Palmer.

Wright and Berry, tailors, next door to postoffice, for high class work. 48-12

John McCoy has returned from a trip through southwest Texas for his health. He and his family seem much improved.

Let us eat, drink and be merry. With never a thought of ache or pain.

Let us forget every sorrow that might be.

For we still have Rocky Mountain Tea.

Sold at Ramsey's Drug Store.

While it is said every thing is going up look at our

REDUCTIONS

Granite Wash pans, the kind usually sold at 20c this week at 5c each.

See our cut prices on Ball Mason Fruit Jars. Pints 59c a doz.; quarts 69c a doz.; half gallons 79c a doz.

Extra Jar Caps and Rubber porcelain lined 25c a doz.

Extra Jar Rubbers 5c a doz. Extra heavy jar rubbers 9c per doz.

Jelly Glasses—We have two sizes, 1/2 pints 30c per doz. 3/4 pints 25c per doz.

When you want glassware, queensware, enameledware, tinware, etc., come to see us.

Stoneware—Crock and jars. Buy all you want here at 5c per gallon.

See our new line of Laces, only 5c per yard.

Handkerchiefs—Extra values in ladies' and gents' handkerchiefs, 5c and 10c.

Umbrellas—For ladies and gents, imitation silk, extra values for \$1.00.

Gloves—We wish to call your attention to our line of gloves. Ladies' mercerized gloves in black, white and colors, 30c a pair.

Saturday Extra Special—We are going to sell while they last another lot of those good four-strand brooms at 10c each. Sold with 25c worth of other goods, one to a customer. Come and see

The Nickel Store

and China Hall,

The 5c and 10c Store of Ad a S. M. SHAW, Prop.

Roughly Handled.

E. F. Fullingame, of near Knox, was waiting on the sidewalk Saturday night to be summoned for the initiation in the Masonic lodge.

A drunken fellow came along and with warning attacked Fullingame. When the fight was over the latter found he had a badly chewed up thumb. It is said his assailant in his maulin condition mistook Mr. Fullingame for another man.

Then Mr. F. had to run the gauntlet of the Blue Lodge, and it is not reported that the rigors of the initiation were relaxed to any extent in his case, notwithstanding he had already been roughly handled.

Cassidy to Preach.

Rev. Mike Cassidy of this city closed a revival at Temple, Texas, Sunday evening and will arrive in Ada today to assist Rev. Rippey in the Methodist revival now in progress here. Bro. Cassidy is an able man and some good doctrine is expected from the pulpit. At the service yesterday morning there were six additions and another at the evening service. The evening congregation was large and listened to a splendid sermon by the pastor. The text was "And Lot Pitched His Tent Toward Sodom." Prof. Fenton, who conducted the song service at the beginning of the revival, has tendered his valuable services for this week.

Ada tailoring and cleaning works east of postoffice. 48-12

Notice of Sale.

United States of America, Indian Territory, Southern District, ss:

Whereas, on the 12th day of August, A. D. 1905, to secure the payment of their four promissory notes of that date of the sum of \$22.50 each, payable to the order of Walter B. Paschall, as follows: One February 1st, 1906, one August 1st, 1906, one February 1st, 1907, and one August 1st, 1907, all bearing interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from maturity until paid, Robert M. Cummings and Allie B. Cummings, of Ada, Indian Territory, made, executed and delivered to the said Walter B. Paschall a mortgage on the following described property, located in the city of Ada, Chickasaw Nation, Southern District of the Indian Territory, to-wit:

Lot ten (10) and the east half of lot nine (9) of block twelve (12) of Dagg's Addition to the City of Ada, as shown by the official plat and survey thereof, together with all the improvements thereon and the appurtenances thereunto belonging and,

Whereas, it was especially understood and agreed between the parties thereto, and so expressed in said mortgage, that in event of default being made in the payment of any one of said notes when due, the said Walter

WANT COLUMN

Want ads in the News are sure to bring results. 12

Lost—A new, ivory handled, 45 Coits, long barrel, election air shooter. Liberal reward. Return to News.

FOR SALE—By O. B. Weaver good residence and business property at "paw broker prices."

WANTED—Young man or boy to solicit circulation for the Daily and Weekly News. Apply to Business manager News. 12

WANTED—First-class board and room in private family by couple without children. References furnished. Address postoffice box No. 196.

WANTED—Furnished cottage or rooms for housekeeping. State location and price. References furnished. Address postoffice box No. 196.

WANTED—Position by a young lady with a thorough knowledge of stenography and bookkeeping. Neat and correct in her work. Inquire at this office. 12

FOR SALE—By O. B. Weaver improved and unimproved, both business and residence property, at a "hard up" bargain.

WANTED—Position, by young man not afraid of work. Phone No. 4. Orel Harper. 81 2-1

B. Paschall, or the then legal owner and holder of said notes, were given the option and the right to declare all said notes due and payable, and to sell the property, or any part thereof, at public sale to the highest bidder for cash, at the then front Court House door, at Ada, Indian Territory, after giving thirty days notice of the time, place and terms of sale, by publication of notice thereof for thirty days in some newspaper published or of general circulation in said city and Territory, or by printed or written hand bills posted in ten public places in the vicinity of said land, and to apply the proceeds of such sale, first to the payment of all costs, and expenses attending said sale, second to the payment of said debts and interest, and the remainder, if any, to be paid to the said Robert M. Cummings and Allie B. Cummings, their order or assigns, and,

Whereas, the said Robert M. Cummings and Allie B. Cummings failed to pay the second and third of said notes at maturity, or any part thereof, either principal or interest, and the said Walter B. Paschall, the owner and holder of said notes, has therefore, as authorized in said mortgage, declared all said indebtedness due, Now,

Therefore, KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:

That I, Walter B. Paschall, mortgagee aforesaid, for and in consideration and by virtue of the foregoing, will, on Tuesday, the 23rd day of July, A. D. 1907, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. at the front door of the Court House of the United States Court, at Ada, Southern District of the Indian Territory, sell to the highest bidder for cash to be paid at said time, all of said property above described, for the purpose authorized by said mortgage which will be free from redemption, appraisement and dower. However, said property will be sold subject to a prior mortgage in favor of the Deming Investment Company given to secure the principal sum of \$300.00 and interest thereon.

Witness my hand on this 22nd day of June, A. D. 1907.

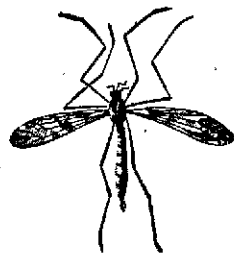
Walter B. Paschall,

Mortgagee.

First published June 22nd, 1907.

80-11, D-41.

WHAT IS IT?



AT

Gwin, Mays & Co.

THE DRUGGISTS.

"We run a drug store and nothing more."

Free Lecture.

Hon. John A. Bright national lecturer for the Improved Order of Redmen will deliver a free lecture on Redman ship at the court house, in Ada, on the evening of June 25, 1907, under the auspices of Geronimo, Tribe No. 18, Improved Order of Redmen. Everybody, the ladies especially, are cordially invited. Come out and hear him and spend a pleasant evening. You will be amply repaid for your trouble. Mr. Bright always sings at the close of his lecture. It is all free.

J. D. Looper,

F. M. Vanliewen,

Committee.

It goes to the roots of disease, invigorates, strengthens, exhilarates. Its life producing properties are not contained in any other known remedy. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Tea or Tablets, 35 cents. Sold at Ramsey's Drug Store.

NEW FRISCO TIME CARD

The following new time card is now in effect.

TIME TABLE.

North Bound.

No. 512—Eastern Express. 9:35 a. m.

No. 510—Meteor. 4:55 p. m.

No. 504—St. Louis and Kansas City Passenger. 11:43 p. m.

South Bound.

No. 508—Meteor. 9:35 a. m.

No. 511—Texas Passenger. 8:23 p. m.

No. 515—Sherman Express. 3:05 a. m.

CASH

Is what you want every day. Without you are at the mercy of others when sickness and old age comes. Sign a declaration of independence for yourself by starting a savings account with a dollar or two today with the

Ada National Bank

Are You Insured?

IF NOT, WHY NOT?

Hicks predicts tornadoes during the summer and fires are liable to occur at any time. Therefore you had better prepare yourself against loss by insuring in old reliable companies.

AT

O. B. WEAVER AGENCY

R. O. WHEELER, Manager

When hot and tired and thirsty just stop at Ramsey's and make a noise like

ORANGEADE, Only 5c, Try It.

RAMSEY'S DRUG STORE

LEADING PROFESSIONAL MEN

FURMAN & CROXTON ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice. Office in Duncan Building.

C. A. Galbraith Tom D. McKeown GALBRAITH & McKEOWN LAWYERS Over Citizens National Bank Ada, Ind. Ter.

DR. H. T. SAFFARRANS Dentist In Freeman Bldg. Ada, I. T.

T. H. Granger B. H. Erb GRANGER & ERB DENTISTS Rooms 1, 2 and 3 1st Nat'l Bank B'lg.

DR. T. W. CHADWICK, VETERINARY SURGEON AND DENTIST. Is now located at the Texas Wagon Yard. Examination free. Residence phone 305; Office phone 306.

We don't care if you are skeptical. We don't care if you have no confidence. It makes no difference to us. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do the work or no pay—that's fair. 35 cents. Sold at Ramsey's Drug Store.

HOLLISTER'S Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets A Gummy Medicine for Busy People. Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor. A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Stomach Bowels, Headaches and Backache. Its Rocky Mountain Tea is the best form. 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis. GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLON PEOPLE

CUREN Is a safe, reliable, not to be mistaken. French Constipation. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE

Hereby is announced the Mason Drug Co., a candidate for the most popular drug store in Pontotoc county, subject to the action and approval of all the people who want PURE DRUGS, HONEST PRICES, and a square deal. And this candidate will be an easy winner.

ADA STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

Is given up to be best. Do

Largest Agency Work

of any plant in this Territory.

Want A Bath?

Then get a good clean one, Hot or Cold, at High & Litzman's Barber Shop, next door to English Kitchen.

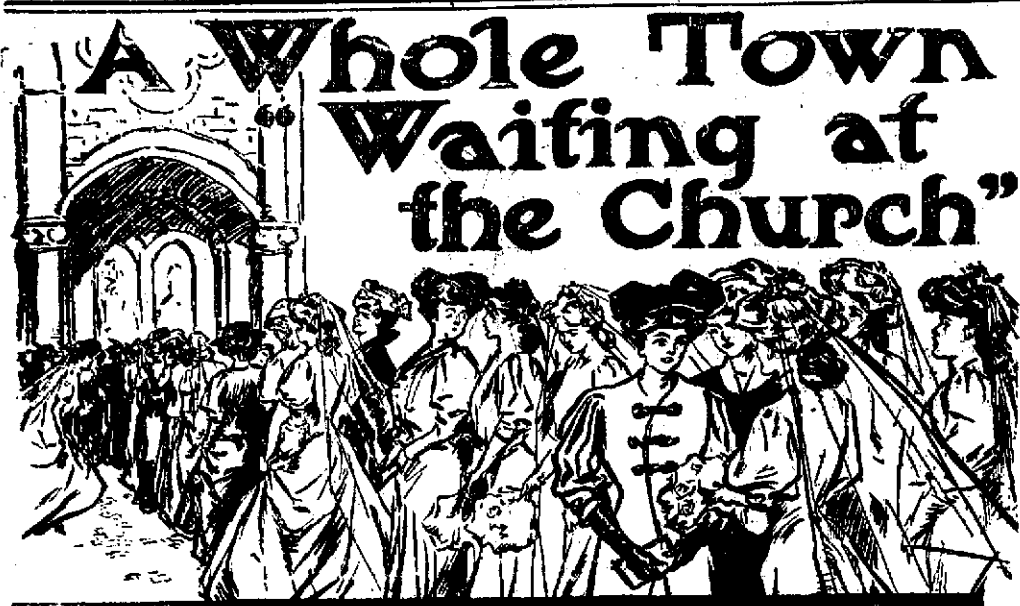


When you want to enjoy a good appetizing meal at a moderate charge, come to the

English Kitchen

Everything strictly first class and clean. Once you eat here you'll become a regular patron.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure by local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proved catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circular and testimonials. Address: F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Takes Hall's Family pills for Constipation.



Danville, Ill.—Spinsters and bachelors of this "Uncle Joe" Cannon's home town, have joined hands in a common cause.

They want the town bachelors taxed. Furthermore, they want the tax graduated according to age. The older the man, the bigger the tax, demand the unwedded women of Danville. And, what's more, this is no idle dream; they have drafted their demands in black and white, and it is now before the common council of the town in the form of a proposed ordinance.

Literally, it is a case of pretty much the whole unmarried female population of the town waiting at the church!

In Danville they have a delicate line drawn between spinsters and bachelor maids. A spinster, according to Danville definition, is one who is a maiden because she can't help it. A bachelor maid is a maiden because she wants to be.

But be that as it may, all distinctions have been cast to the winds. Those that can't and those that won't alike demand that bachelors be taxed, and the longer the eligible one remains a bachelor the bigger his tax mounts up, year after year.

There is no anonymity about the thing, either. Old maids and budding debutantes have signed their names in black and white to the petition.

Stirs Up City Officers.

Of course, the petition upset the city officers. A meeting was hurriedly called by Mayor John H. Lewman, City Clerk John Torrance, Fire Chief O. W. Bridges and Councilmen Clarence T. Brittingham, John H. Harrison, Joseph Mies, Samuel Strauss, Michael S. Plant, Dr. C. H. Evans, Clarence Baum and several other prominent citizens attended. Speaker Cannon was invited, but his Washington duties kept him away.

The matter was carefully gone over. The pros and cons were put forward. Married men and bachelors and one divorced man gave their opinions.

"Remember, gentlemen," counseled the mayor, "it is a very serious matter and a very delicate one, which demands our most patient attention. I dread to think what might happen should we take a wrong stand in the premises."

Committee Chosen.

Finally the whole proposition was left to a committee, of which all were to be bachelors and a majority lawyers. This committee of experts was carefully chosen from among the most popular bachelors of the town, in order that everybody might be sure of having a fair show. It consisted of Court Stenographer Harry Brittingham, Circuit Clerk John W. Barger and Attorneys Thomas A. Graham, M. F. Keegan, William H. Dwyer and Ray F. Barnett. After careful consideration they decided to issue a statement to the expectant unmarried members of the gentler sex.

They took the bull by the horns. In a word, they demanded that before action be taken they have the privilege of meeting the petitioners. Here is the bachelors' official reply to the proposition for an ordinance providing for a graduated bachelor tax for the unwedded adult male population of Danville:

"We, the single men of Danville, would like to make the acquaintance of the unmarried women of this community who are so much interested in us. We would like the privilege of petitioning the city council, as a matter of self-defense while awaiting further moves of the enemy, to enact an ordinance taxing these unmarried women of Danville \$50 for each time they turn one of us down, not because we feel aggrieved or wish to get married, but as a matter of protection.

Retaliatory Proposition.

"The above appears to be a fair proposition. If the unmarried women of this city who are behind this movement against our peace of mind are to earnest and have a grain of human sympathy, they will meet our propositions fairly and squarely. It is up to them to do so, and we don't think they will evade the self-imposed responsibility."

This didn't pour oil upon the troubled waters of Danville's spinsterhood at all.

"There isn't a peg on which to hang a single romance," sneered one elderly maiden, "let alone hundreds of romances. Let's reply to them, girls!"

"Let's!" chorused spinsters and bachelor maids, all in one breath. And after a week this valley of hot

shot was turned loose upon the enemy's camp:

"We have read the reply of the Danville bachelors to our appeal to the city council, in which they make a counter proposition to tax us \$50 for every time we turn them down. We are willing to agree to this provided they will agree that the following proposition is a correct position for us to take:

"Objects" That Are Barred.

"We do not propose to turn down any of them because they are ugly of face, but when one of them comes around to see us, fastened to the end of a big cigar, having not the slightest semblance to a man, and who has the appearance of not being able to support himself, much less a wife—then, out he goes."

"One would think by the comments in relation to this matter that there is such a thing as a matrimonial tree, and all that any girl wanting a husband must do to shake the tree and down comes a helpmeet."

"Laying aside the thought of such a ridiculous proposition, we desire to present the facts. We wish to say frankly that we feel rebellious against the fate that forces us into the commercial world, where we must go of necessity in order that we may earn a living. Not a day passes that we do not feel that nameless longing—a yearning for protection, for shelter, for a good husband's tender care and solace."

"How we hate the noise, hustle and worry of the commercial life! How we hate the competition, the clamor, the drudgery, incumbent upon us who must go through life alone, battling every day against a cold and heartless world in an effort to earn our daily bread!"

"Every finer instinct in us cries out against the coarse, rude life of the business world. Women, and only women, possess warm hearts which have depths and heights of feeling that a man can never hope to understand and which many of our gender are too sensitive to admit."

Thus did the spinster souls of Danville's maidenhood lay themselves bare to all the world.

Results have already followed. Bachelors who golfed with other bachelors last year are golfing in mixed foursomes this season. Bachelors who went to dinners and dances and teas during the winter months with no further idea than their fair friends thought of anything more serious than the latest mode in dresses or the daintiest confection in headgear have had their eyes opened.

Cupid Will Be Kept Busy.

Within a short time many sweet secrets may be confessed. It is freely predicted that if the social upheaval crystallizes into an ordinance providing for a bachelor tax, the crop of autumn and winter brides will beat all records.

Things have gone so far now that City Clerk John Torrance, dean of Danville bachelorhood, has been threatened with social and political ostracism unless he takes a wife. But he has escaped from both by large majorities, much to the joy of his cronies of the clubs. Now he has come out with what is both a suggestion and a challenge.

"The old maids have taken us by surprise," said he. "We were of the opinion they were all more than satisfied with their condition. In fact, several of the boys have complained that they have been adopted as 'brothers' by our fairest spinsters, in lieu of a closer alliance. We have bombarded them for years with candy, flowers, theater tickets, dances, moonlight rides and proposals of marriage, but not one of us has succeeded in getting them interested in matrimonial matters. Now that they have confessed a desire to obtain homes and husbands, I don't believe the bachelors will be found slow by any means."

Suggests Club for Girls.

"My experience has shown me that we who have our clubs are more at home in them than in the drawing rooms of these girls, who have appeared human icicles, notwithstanding our most ardent campaigns. I would suggest that the bachelor girls also form a club, and that their rooms contain a reception or billing and cooing room where their friends can spend a pleasant hour occasionally, becoming acquainted with those who desire to be brides."

"Of course, I don't want you to think we are over-anxious to get married, but on behalf of the bachelors of

Danville I will say that there are some of us who will surrender gracefully and gladly if we have the right opportunity. This would be a better plan than to try to bulldoze us by having an ordinance passed taxing us. That would only make us more stubborn."

And so it is still "Waiting at the Church" in more ways than one in Danville, Ill.

IRISH HOPEFULNESS.

Sure, Things Are Never so Bad but They Might Be Worse.

The Irishman sees everything through rose colored glasses, says a writer in the *Gulden*. He is supported, too, by a simple, sturdy faith, a spirit of resignation and unworldeanness worthy of the saints of old.

The dread blight had fallen on the fields in most of the district where we were visiting in Ireland, and the potato vines hung limp and brown. No word of complaint was spoken, and when the likelihood of famine was mentioned the answer came:

"Dangor, ma'am? Yes, there is, indeed, but God is good. He'll find a way."

So, too, about the hay. The summer had been terribly wet, and for days the new mown hay had lain on the ground. It was an anxious time.

"What will you do," I said to Mike, "if this weather keeps up? Your hay will surely be ruined."

"Oh, please God, it won't keep us," he answered. "He'll send us a bright day soon, just to see how well we'll use it."

"What a glorious night, Mikey!" I said to the boy, as he and I and the donkey drove home under the August moon.

"A fine night, indeed, ma'am. Thanks be to God for giving it to us!"

They showed us, on the road to town, a gentleman's place where, in a stretch of what not long since had been thickly wooded land, stood stump after stump of giant trees. Four or five years ago, when the winter was exceptionally long and cold, the peasants suffered from scarcity of peat. They begged this landowner proprietor to sell them wood, offering not only to pay his price, but to fell the trees and carry them off. He refused.

Again and again they begged, for the suffering grew intense, but he would not let his land be marred. One night there came a wind so frightful that it seemed for a time as if the "big wind" were blowing again. In the morning the highway along this proprietor's domain was impassable. Huge trees, blown to the ground, lay across the road for a distance of two miles, and the forest beauty was a thing of the past. The town authorities ordered the obstruction cleared away, and the peasants got for nothing more than they had been refused for pay.

"'Twas the hand of God was in that, ma'am," I was told, "for, with all the wind, not a poor man's cot was harmed, nor another tree on the countryside, only those. God always looks after His poor."

So Fatiguing.

"So young Ritchley Kadd isn't to marry Goldie Stiles after all?"

"No; he got scared."

"Well, well! And I heard they had gone so far as to rehearse the wedding."

"Yes, that was the trouble. They had rehearsed five times, and Ritchley said the preparations for matrimony were such hard work that he was afraid that he couldn't stand the real thing at all."—Catholic Standard and Times.

To Remove Finger Marks.

The lintels of the doors of a room and the woodwork around the windows when enameled white or in pale colors frequently become marked with the impression of finger tips. A piece of flannel dipped in kerosene will effectually remove all traces, but after rubbing the woodwork the surface should be washed with a clean cloth dipped in very hot water, this being the only method of removing the smell of the oil.

Roseberry's Versatility.

Lord Roseberry seems to be as distinguished in stock breeding as in politics, literature and horse racing. There was much interest lately in the sale of 44 of his Jersey cows and heifers at Dairy Farm, Montmore, the highest price being \$210 paid by Lord Rothschild.

DIVERSITY IN SLEEVES.

As in the Case of Skirts, There Are 'All Sorts' and Conditions.

There is wide diversity in the treatment of fashionable sleeves; in fact, it is a question whether or not they are more varied than skirts, for the best models among the latter are limited to six or seven styles. Not so with sleeves, however, which are as numerous in shape and design almost as the patterns of lace which adorn them. The open bell sleeve is a favorite model for dressy tailored suits, especially as designed for forenoon wear. The opening is usually bound with embroidery, lace or braid and underneath appears the sleeve of the blouse or guimpe.

One of the very smartest of the new sleeves has a long, tight undersleeve, with a "loop" extension at the inside, the outer sleeve being formed of rows of lace ruffles. The "loop" is a feature of many of the new sleeves on French frocks and makes a charmingly chic effect.

The fancy panamas used for dressy tailor-mades are so designed that they tempt one to the unique in sleeve effects. They combine the newest colorings with the last words in patterns, and, in addition, can be well handled by the average tailor. They are sufficiently cool and dust-resisting to make them a reliable fabric for spring and summer, while their cost is by no means extravagant. A gown in black and white striped panama exhibited in the Rue de la Paix this week was sufficiently striking to be picked out from a group of new models for especial admiration. The skirt is cut plain and touches the ground all around; whatever the fashion authorities of New York and London may say about the walking skirt's predominance, it certainly does not go in Paris for dressy occasions. Around the bottom of the skirt in question there is a fold of liberty satin, with a piping of plaited foulard on either side of the satin band.

TO TEMPT THE PALATE.

Raisin Pie.—One cup raisins, two cups water, two eggs, three teaspoonsful cornstarch, one and one-half of ginger, juice of two lemons.

Blanc Mange.—A pretty effect may be gained by molding white blanc mange in egg cups (arranging the molds in a circle, raising the center one), and garnishing the dish with strawberries and their leaves.

Cream Pie.—Bake under crust when convenient. Put in double boiler one pint milk, three tablespoons sugar, one tablespoon apple, yolk of one egg; flavor to taste, when thick as custard, and add well beaten white of one egg. When cool add to your crust.

Mocha Tart.—Beat seven eggs separately, add one cup of confectioner's sugar, one cup of pulverized graham crackers and one teaspoonful of vanilla extract, and bake in layers. When cold whip one-half pint of cream, add two tablespoonsful of coffee extract and the same amount of confectioner's sugar. Place between layers and on top.

Indian Fruit Punch.—Boil a pound of sugar, a quart of water and the grated yellow rind of a lemon five minutes and strain. Add a teaspoonful of bitter almond extract, the juice of three lemons, a teaspoonful of vanilla and two cupfuls of strong tea. When very cold add ice and a pint of effervescent or plain water.

Strawberry Pie.—Put a good crust on a pie plate and brush it over with the white of an egg. In measuring ingredients allow half as much sugar as berries, and one-fourth as much flour as sugar. Mix sugar and flour together. Arrange berries and sugar in alternate layers on the crust. Cover the top with thin strips of pastry which cross each other and are pressed down where they touch the under crust. Bake in a quick oven.

Fried Onions.

As usually served, fried onions are a delusion and a snare, but cooked in the Konilworth ranch way it will be a rare thing if they go begging. Cut in slices and soak in milk ten minutes. Then dip in flour and immerse in boiling fat, hot enough to brown instantly. You can not keep the slices whole, after they have fried six or seven minutes. Take out with a skimmer, lay on brown paper a few moments to absorb every suspicion of fat and serve with steak or veal cutlets. They will be firm and thoroughly delicious.

Home-Made Perfume.

A pleasant perfume for clothes is made by mixing one ounce each of cloves, caraway seed, nutmeg, cinnamon and Tonquin beans, ground or beaten to a powder. Put this mixture in a number of little bags, and place them among the woolea clothes that are put away for the summer. It is said to be an excellent moth preventive also.

Green Pea Soup.

Press through a colander one can of green peas. Add to this two cups of water, one teaspoonful of salt and one heaping tablespoonful of coconut butter. Cook in a double boiler until the butter is melted. Dried peas may be used by first cooking until tender, then pressing through a colander.

Removing Cream Stains.

Milk and cream stains can be removed from linen cloths by washing the stains first with cold water and soap, then in the usual manner. Boil in water in which soda, in the proportion of one tablespoonful to three gallons of water, has been dissolved, and rinse thoroughly.

NEWS OF THE LABOR WORLD

New York city pays in salaries to its more than 50,000 servants \$132 each minute in the day.

Nantes, France.—M. Ytteet, a delegate to the General Federation of Labor, was arrested on a charge of inviting law breaking when addressing strikers. He is alleged to have invited the men to "cut buttonholes" in their opponents.

Chicago.—A demand for an increase of 12½ cents an hour has been made by the Freight Handlers' union to 23 railroads entering the city. All of the roads are not affected, as in some freighthouses the laborers are not organized. In addition to the increase asked the men demand time and a half for overtime put in and double time for Sunday work.

Coatesville, Pa.—Over \$50,000 in coin, or as much as one horse could haul, was paid out by the Lukens Steel and Iron company here by a new system. A machine to make up the pay roll has been installed. Only specie can be arranged in the new process of making up the envelopes, and, as a result, the employees were paid off in gold and silver.

Toledo, O.—One of the most important matters considered by the Amalgamated convention was a resolution to change the due system from a grade to a percentage basis. At present the members pay into the national lodge as follows: On a \$2.50 wage per day or under, 60 cents per month; \$2.50 to \$5, 80 cents per month, and on everything over \$5, an assessment of \$1 per month.

A strike of quarrymen in Lemont, Ill., who demand two and one-half cents an hour increase, forced six quarries to practically cease operations. Nearly 1,000 laborers were affected by the walkout and the tieup may affect the building of the drainage canal at Lockport. Twenty-five employees of the Lincoln park board quit work in sympathy when they heard of the strike. The men were engaged in loading wagons with stone to be used for filling-in purposes.

Jeffersonville, Ind.—Following an advance in the wages of laborers at the local supply depot of the quartermaster's department to \$50 a month from a former \$40 and \$45, there comes a demand from the women who are employed to sew at the depot for a like increase. At the present time bundles of blouses are being given out, each bundle containing eight garments, for which the sum of \$2.80 is paid, while the work has to be perfect in every detail. Formerly the same work brought three dollars, and other articles have also been reduced recently, canvas overalls from \$3.50 to \$2.80 and flannel shirts from four dollars a bundle to \$2.50.

Milwaukee.—What is declared by the foundrymen of this city to be the end of the molders' strike, which originated last May, came when Judge Sanborn in the United States court declared that a permanent injunction should issue against the striking molders of the Allis-Chalmers company. This injunction restrains them from disturbing the corporation, forbids picketing absolutely, forbids visits of strikers to houses of non-union men for purposes of persuasion and stops all interference with the rights of the Allis-Chalmers company. Picketing of any nature is held by the court to be in the nature of a conspiracy to injure the plaintiff's business.

Chicago.—The 150 steam pipe and boiler coverers who struck May 1 for an increase in wages have been notified that the will never be reemployed. "You are discharged forever," was the notice sent the strikers. The latter are affiliated with the Associated Building Trades. A committee has been appointed by the board of business agents of the building trades to investigate the failure of fire proofing companies to properly safeguard employees by installing temporary floors.

The Wakamatsu iron and steel works, under Japanese Imperial control, are nearing completion at a total cost of \$20,000,000. As an evidence of Japanese economy the official salaries are noticeable. The president gets \$2,000 a year, the chief expert \$1,500, the two managers \$1,000 each, eight experts averaging \$600 each and 30 clerks and 40 assistants have an average monthly wage of \$15. All the principal machinery appears to be English and German makes, except the electric cranes, which are American made, as also is a fair share of the minor machinery. The works and the workers' houses cover 350 acres.

San Francisco.—A fearful labor war nearly was precipitated when the declaration of the open shop, a lockout and a fight to the death with unions was considered by builders and contractors at a conference. Conservatism finally won out and it was agreed to appoint a committee to treat with the unions with a view of insuring peace for at least a year, that the work of reconstructing the destroyed portions of the city could proceed. Several speakers had urged immediate war and cessation of operations until the open shop was established.

Joliet, Ill.—Employees of the Elgin, Joliet & Eastern and the Chicago, Lake Shore & Eastern railroad, which are owned by the United States Steel Corporation, were surprised to receive notice that their wages, dating from May 1, had been raised. The skilled employees get an increase of 30 cents a day, and the common laborers 15 cents a day. This applies to employees in the yards and shops, as well as on the roads. About 1,000 men are affected. The action of the companies means an addition of \$55,000 a year to the pay roll.

Omaha, Neb.—E. F. Placek, a clerk in the Railway Mail Service, has worked steadily during the last 18 months, with an average of but two hours' sleep a day. His home is at Kearney, and his run is on a mixed train between that town and Callaway, a distance of 67 miles. Owing to heavy traffic this train is usually late. The postal clerk leaves Kearney at three o'clock in the morning, and it is rare that he gets back till late in the night. It frequently happens that he is in his home but a single hour, when he is called out again to take his run. Once in a while he gets from three to four hours' rest in his bed. It is a matter of record that for the last year and a half he has not had an average of more than two hours' sleep a day. As a result of the strain to which this loss of sleep has subjected him, he has grown very thin and exceedingly nervous, and physicians tell him that unless he takes a thorough rest he will within a few weeks be a complete mental and physical wreck. Not only has Placek got along for a year and a half on two hours' sleep a day, but he has gone without his breakfast and supper, and frequently has eaten only a sandwich and a piece of pie and drank a cup of coffee at dinner time. The train ran so he could not get breakfast, and he got home so late he cared not for supper.

Pittsburg.—Pittsburg is to have a Union Labor Temple, erected at a cost approximating \$250,000, if the present plans of the incorporators of the Union Labor Temple company are carried out. A charter was granted to the company on Monday. Its object is to erect a labor union building in a central part of the city. The company was incorporated through its attorney, James Byron Drew, with a capital of \$50,000. The officers are: James L. Quigg, president; Simon Burns, formerly of the Window Glass workers, vice president; Thomas L. Slater treasurer, and James Galbraith, secretary. Other labor leaders whose names appeared in the application for the charter are: John Forno, Frank E. Smith and Henry Legleitner. As soon as the present capital stock is sold it is intended to increase the capitalization to \$100,000 and from this gradually to about \$250,000. Attorney Drew stated that the building, if erected, would be patterned after the Labor Union Temple at Montreal, Canada. The first floor would be occupied by a number of store rooms. Above will be offices, while the two top floors will be set apart for lodge rooms and a large auditorium. There is a whisper in labor circles that the incorporators would endeavor to get the government to grant them a portion of the wharf property immediately adjoining the Smithfield street bridge, on the west side of the structure. What argument they would advance to secure such a site is not stated.

Paterson, N. J.—Because they have been denied the privilege of bringing beer into the shops during working hours, and also because the company refused to discharge an unpopular foreman, 250 men employed in the blacksmith shop of the Rogers Locomotive works walked out. One of the first acts of the new foreman, George Browne, was to post notice that no beer be brought into the works and that the men were not to leave the shops during the work hours to visit saloons.

Chicago.—P. J. Dolan, general secretary and treasurer of the International Brotherhood of Steamshovelers and Dredgemen, in an interview denied recent published reports that a strike of shovel men and dredgemen working on the Panama canal had been called offically. "Some shovel men have quit because they were dissatisfied," said Mr. Dolan, "but no strike has been called. You may say no strike will be called at present. We realize that while we must uphold the rights of labor, we must remember that we are a factor in something of patriotic concern, and will do our full duty as citizens."

San Francisco.—All the electricians in the employ of the United Railroads struck in sympathy with the striking car men. There is direct authority for the statement that the electricians employed by the San Francisco Gas & Electric company will not strike, as to do so would be breaking the union's contract with the corporation.

Detroit, Mich.—By a small majority the striking shipbuilders of the Ecoville plant of the Great Lakes Engineering works voted at a meeting to return to work under the old conditions which prevailed before the strike.

Kirchbaum Clothing

Manns's Shoes

All America Shoes

Julian Kokenge Oxfords

Little Red School Shoes
for children

Eagle Shirts

Regent Shirts.

Straw Hats

Panama Hats

COX--GREER--McDONALD CO.

HAS FAITH IN K. C. L. & P.

Contractor King Says Ada's Fourth
Railroad Will Be Built.

R F King and W A Parker well
known contractors who formerly had
headquarters in Ada are here from
Muskegee.

Mr King who has a contract to fur-
nish the ties and other timber for
construction of the much projected K
C, L & P expresses considerable
faith in the eventual building
of that road. He says it would have
been under construction long ago but
for the unfavorable conditions which

have retarded railroad development
the country over of late

BRYAN AT SULPHUR

Many Will Hear Him Wednesday—
Special Train.

John Casteel was here from Sul-
phur promoting the big chautauqua
at that place. It begins with W J
Bryan Wednesday at which time an
enormous crowd is expected. The
Frisco will run an excursion train
leaving Holdenville at 6 a m Ada at
7 15 and arriving at Sulphur 9 30
returning will leave Sulphur at 8 30
p m one and one-third fare the
round trip. Bryan will speak at 10 a
m. A number of Ada people are plan-
ning to go and hear the great com-
moner.

Something Needed Portland Park Addition

Lots near the big Cement Plant to accommodate the hundreds of
laborers to be employed in this great industry. This need has been met
by laying out the Portland Park Addition just west of the cement plant.
Lots are 30 feet by 140, with 60-foot streets and 20-foot alleys. Prices
of lots are from \$20 to \$30. Terms, \$5 down and \$2 per month. A large
reservoir is to be built on the north side by the cement company which
will afford boating and fishing.

The Title is Perfect and the Location
Sightly and Healthful.

Get on Easy Street by Buying Lots in
Portland Park.

Homes in the Reach of All in Portland
Park Addition.

Plant your Money in Portland Park and let it
Grow.

Real Estate is the foundation of wealth--it's
safe and sure. Get in on the ground floor at
Portland Park

Only room for 80 families in Portland Park while hundreds will be
needed. This is the only land that will be available for years.

Have you seen Ada lots advance one hundred and even one thousand
percent, while you waited to see what the town would do? Take a
tumble to yourself and buy lots in Portland Park. These lots are being
sold at half their real value and on terms within the reach of all.

Ada Title and Trust Co.

Read The News Want Ads.

DRILLING FOR OIL AND GAS

The Big Bit is Biting Into Mother Earth--Ada People Expectant

At ten o'clock Monday morning pre-
parations were completed and actual
drilling for oil and gas began out on
the Oklahoma Natural Gas Company's
lease one mile northeast of town.

The Company has showed considera-
ble confidence in the enterprise erect-
ing a splendid rig for the work. Chief
Driller Sandets will now keep the
work steadily going night and day un-
til he reaches results or bores a deep
duster. He expects to get down
about 150 feet a day. So within ten
of fifteen days barring serious acci-
dent there should be a pretty thor-
ough test of the locality.

The rig in readiness was the meco-

of Ada sightseers Sunday. Of course
many had never inspected one. They
were surprised to see such a big, sub-
stantial outfit with its massive tim-
bers, ponderous metals and intermin-
able cables. And a good crowd was
present this morning to bid the work
Godspeed as it began.

Ada has been impatiently waiting
six years for this. Naturally every-
one is on the qui vive for develop-
ments as the bit descends lower and
lower. Every body is hopeful of re-
sults. Experts believe there is plenty
below. A 200 foot well near by has
revealed unmistakable signs of it. Sur-
face indications are most encouraging.
Everybody hopes for a gusher.

FOR SAFER RAILROAD TRAVEL

President Roosevelt and Governors Asked to Aid in Campaign.

Kansas City, Mo. June 24.—Presi-
dent Roosevelt and the governors of
several states have been asked to aid
the National Union of Railway Track-
men in a campaign for greater safety
in railway travel. J I Sheppard of
Fort Scott, Kan. secretary of the or-
ganization Saturday sent out a letter
to the president and several governors
in which he says:

If we can obtain the co-operation
of those interested we would have us
safe condition of railroad travel as in
Europe. We should certainly have
either government or state inspection

of railway tracks. Someone should
be held responsible to the people for
keeping the tracks in proper repair and
properly patrolled.

"It is a curious condition of affairs
but it is true. We have state inspection
of factories and mines of beer barbers,
bers and dentists, there is a state con-
trol over the product of the busy bee
and the farmer who raises wheat must
pay a state inspection fee before he
can market his grain. But there is
no law that is observed that provides
for the inspection of railroad trucks.

CROP CONDITIONS IMPROVING

Throughout the Cotton Belt a Fine Week for Growth--Rain Retards in Oklahoma

Memphis, Tenn. June 24.—The
Commercial Appeal today will print
the following summary of crop
conditions compiled from reports
received from its special correspon-
dents throughout the cotton belt.

The cotton crop made material ad-
vances during the week. An impor-
tant step forward has been made in
cultivation and except a few scatter-
ing localities, the crop is clean and in
an excellent state of cultivation for
the season. An exception to this is the
state of Oklahoma where rains during
the week kept labor from the fields.

Correspondents note that the plant
though still quite small is healthy
and in condition to respond well to fa-
vorable future conditions should such
occur. The crop is still two to four
weeks late, however according to lo-
cality, and in many sections of the
central and eastern cotton belt the
poor stands have not been remedied.
The older planted cotton in the north-
ern districts is fruiting blooms are
reported from several of these sec-
tions and in other places the stalk is
taking on bolls.

Such rainfall as occurred with the
exception of Oklahoma as noted above
was highly beneficial coming as it did

following thorough cultivation and so
where has the cotton suffered yet from
lack of moisture. Over the entire cen-
tral and eastern belt however, the
rains were local in character and light
in quantity.

Temperatures were high and the
cotton is taking on the best color it
has yet had. The Carolinas alone
complain of rather cool nights and
slightly less plant growth that would
otherwise have occurred.

In Texas and Louisiana boll weevil
is reported.

New Orleans, June 24.—The Plea-
yune today will say:

Continued improvement of cotton
crop throughout Louisiana and the
southern portion of Mississippi is in-
dicated in reports to the Pleayune for
the week ending today. The weather
has been excellent for field work, but
considerable grass remains to be de-
stroyed. In some sections the soil is
hard and soddy and the growth of the
plant is slow. Late cotton as a rule
has been chopped out and mounded
and gives better indications than the
earlier plantings. Much good bottom
land remains idle because of inability
to drain and plant in time.

OKLAHOMA DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

Platform adopted by the Oklahoma
state democratic convention.

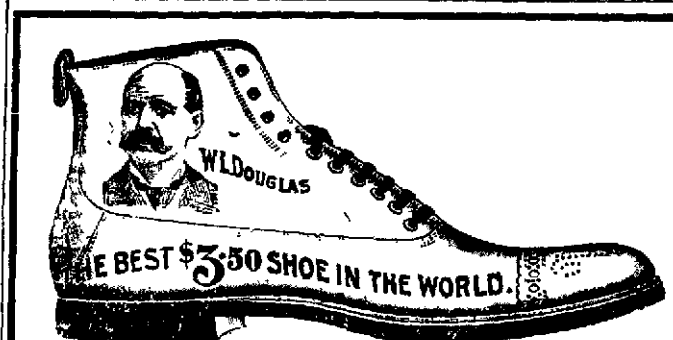
We the representatives of the democ-
ratic party of the state of Oklaho-
ma in appealing to the citizenship of
our state for their support, do re-
spectfully submit these principles of
self government for which we stand
and which are of special interest in
the campaign.

Local Issues.
We believe we should have the right
of local self government immediately
without denial delay or evasion.

We believe the people of Oklahoma
should and will condemn at the polls
the efforts of those who are trying
to defeat statehood for our people.

We submit to the people of Okla-
homa the best state constitution that
has ever been written, and in asking
the suffrage of the patriotic citizen-
ship of this state, we firmly stand up-
on this constitution in its entirety as
our platform.

In this splendid organic law we



A full line of High Top
and Low Cut Oxfords, Pat-
ent, Vici, Velor and Gun
Medals. The best \$3.50
Shoe in Ada.

I. HARRIS

have carried out in perfect good faith
every pledge made us by the people of
the state, and have drawn a consti-
tution which not only protects the
right to life liberty and the pursuit
of happiness of the citizens, but a con-
stitution that takes the most advanced
ground of any organic law in exist-
ence for the protection of the property
rights of the people against the
stealthy hand of ingenious modern
monopoly.

School Lands.

We believe that as soon as possible
and practicable the lands held by the
state for educational purposes should
be sold upon terms that shall be ab-
solutely fair to the people of this state,
preserving the preference right to the
lessees, guaranteed by the enabling
act and to the end that such lands
should become taxable and be made
more valuable and productive by the
actual owner thereof.

We believe that the funds derived
from the sale of such land should be
fully preserved and invested as pro-
vided in the constitution.

We believe that the present state
schools should be maintained and that
other necessary state schools and in-
stitutions should be established equi-
tably throughout the state.

Coal and Asphalt Lands.

We favor the purchase of the se-
gregated coal and asphalt lands at a
fair price to be agreed upon by the
state authorities and the Choctaw and
Chickasaw governments subject to the
approval by a vote of the people of
this state before the contract of pur-
chase shall become effective.

We favor the fullest development
of such lands in the interests of the
schools and charitable institutions
and the product of cheap fuel for the
people of this state.

We favor the immediate sale of the
surface of such segregated coal and
asphalt lands in small tracts to ac-
tual settlers.

We strongly oppose the passing of
the timber land and other natural re-
sources of this state into the hands of
the great monopolies.

Removal of Restrictions.

We believe the people of this sov-
ereign state should have the full mea-
sure of liberty enjoyed by citizens of
other sovereign states.

We believe that the various federal
bureaus established in this state
should be immediately terminated and
that the basis of this bureau govern-
ment the restrictions on the sale and
lease of land of our citizen should be
removed summarily except as to
homesteads of full bloods and we
favor the immediate settlement of all
tribal affairs and the immediate dis-
tribution of all tribal funds.

We believe that the estates of those
mentally incompetent of whatsoever
race, should be protected by our state
probate courts. We will take care of
our own defectives of whatever race
or color and will not rely upon the
federal government to discharge this
proper function of our own state.

Invested Capital.

We believe that it is of the greatest
importance to the development of our
new state to give perfect safety and
assurance to invested capital, and that
where complete security is afforded

capital will gladly seek investment
at the lowest rates of interest.

We draw a broad line of distinction
between capital invested in honest en-
terprises and predatory capital engag-
ed in conspiracy against the proceeds
of labor of the American people. We
oppose the crafty corporations which
artfully contrive to destroy competi-
tion and thus fix arbitrary prices on
the necessities of life and on those
things which are produced by our own
people. We do not intend to encour-
age predatory capital in this state. We
do intend to protect our own people in
the proceeds of their honest
labor. We favor special care for
the protection of the rights and inter-
ests of the laboring-people, such as
the tradesmen and women and child-
ren of this state.

Natural Resources.

We favor the steady development of
all our natural resources and espe-
cially of our oil and gas region.

We favor the development of every
form of manufacture for which our
natural resources so well qualify the
state.

We pledge the passage of a road
law that will enable the people in
each county to provide themselves a
good system of roads.

Schools.

We recommend the education of the
people as absolutely essential to the
development of this state and to the
continuance of supremacy of the dem-
ocratic party. We pledge the party
to vigorously promote in every reason-
able way our public school system, so
that this state shall stand in the front
rank in the educational column.

Economy.

We pledge to the people of this
state an economical and faithful
administration of its affairs and that
the state taxes shall be as low as pos-
sible for the conduct of a state gov-
ernment properly administered.

Separate Coaches.

We approve the resolution of the
constitutional convention of March 1,
1907, pledging the enactment of laws
at the earliest possible date during the
first session of the first legislature
providing for separate coaches or ac-
commodations and waiting rooms for
the negro race.

Prohibition.

The question of prohibition has
been removed from partisan politics
and has been left to a vote of the
people in accordance with the prin-
ciples of the referendum.

Fulfillment of Pledges.

In the constitution which we submit
we call attention to the important fact
that we have faithfully carried out
every pledge made to the people in the
last campaign. We unreservedly en-
dorse the action of the democratic ma-
jority in its faithful compliance in
drawing the constitution in accord-
ance with our pledges to the people,
and we pledge that the democratic
party if now entrusted with power in
the administration of the state gov-
ernment will faithfully enforce, exe-
cute and carry into effect every prin-
ciple of said constitution as adopted
by the people and a strict enforcement
of every law enacted by the people or
legislature of this state.

National Issues.

We hereby express our allegiance

(Continued on page 2)

Ada Evening News

OTIS B. WEAVER, Editor and Owner
HOWARD PARKER, Associate Editor
GEO. B. CHASE, Business Mgr.

Entered as second-class mail matter March 28, 1904, at the post office at Ada, Indian Territory under the Act of Congress March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application

Democratic Ticket

United States Senators
Robert L. Owen
Thos. P. Gore

Justice Supreme Court
Jesse J. Dunn
S. W. Hays
R. L. Williams
Matthew W. Kane
J. B. Turner

Governor
C. N. Haskell

Lieutenant Governor
Geo. W. Bellamy

Attorney General
Chas. West

Secretary of State
William M. Cross

Treasurer
James Menefee

Auditor
M. E. Trapp

Clerk of Supreme Court
W. H. L. Campbell

State Examiner
Chas. Taylor

Superintendent Public Instruction
E. D. Cameron

Mine Inspector
Peter Hanratty

Commissioner of Charities
Miss Kate Barnard

Commissioner of Labor
Charles Dougherty

Insurance Commissioner
J. T. McComb

Corporation Commissioners
J. J. McAlester
A. P. Watson
J. E. Love

DISTRICT OFFICERS.

Congress
C. D. Carter

State Senator
R. M. Roddie

District Judge
A. T. West

Floterial Representative
Edgar S. Ratliff

COUNTY OFFICERS

Representative
Frank Huddleston

County Judge
Joel Torrell

County Attorney
Robt. Wimbish

Clerk of District Court
W. D. Lowden

County Clerk
W. S. Kerr

Sheriff
T. J. Smith

County Treasurer
J. C. Cates

Register of Deeds
C. C. Harkis

County Surveyor
George Trullitt

Superintendent of Schools
T. F. Pierce

County Wigher
Charles A. Thomas

County Commissioner District No. 1
John D. Rhinard

County Commissioner District No. 2
C. W. Floyd

County Commissioner District No. 3
G. M. Short

TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.

Precinct No. 1.
Trustee R. C. Lester Justice of the Peace H. J. Brown W. H. Nettles Constables J. M. Ramey J. D. Looper

Precinct No. 2.
Trustee Jas. R. Floyd Justice of the Peace A. Gaylor P. H. Martin Clerk C. Sturdivant Treasurer G. A. Smith Constables Chas. Hopkins A. F. Dillard

Precinct No. 3.
Trustee J. C. Rushing Justice of the Peace W. H. Hammond Constables Jas. W. Willard J. O. Smith

Precinct No. 4.
Trustee W. M. Thompson Treasurer J. D. Price Justice of the Peace Joe Gambel G. W. Tigner Constables Lee Price J. B. Robertson

Precinct No. 5.
Trustee W. S. Tinsley Justice of the Peace R. D. Myers R. S. Baker Constables R. F. Anderson W. C. Bolen

Precinct No. 6.
Justice of the Peace Joe Anderson W. T. Fleet Constables G. W. Davidson, M. L. Nichols

Precinct No. 7.
Trustee R. Attaway Justice of the Peace Geo. R. Collins L. C. Lindsey Constables Will Allen Seth Perrin

Precinct No. 8.
Trustee S. P. Boles Treasurer J. B. Parker Justice of the Peace Wm. F. Allen E. S. Snodgrass Constables W. Corbin H. A. McConnell Clerk J. M. Harris

Precinct No. 9.
Justice of the Peace A. P. Roberts J. A. Mercer Constables D. L. Galey J. W. Wilson.

INSIDES OF THE OPPOSITION.

The following is an excerpt from Washington correspondence of the Commoner exposing the insides of the statehood opposition.

At the risk of seeming to harp too much on one subject I wish to again say a few words about the political conspiracy now being consummated to keep the 1,000,000 people of Oklahoma and Indian Territory out of the United States. What is being done to effect this purpose and to prevent the possible addition of a new democratic state to the column of that party is absolutely the most discreditable and disgraceful piece of political chicanery recorded in the history of this country.

Here is one illustration. Recently I met a certain Frank Prantz, governor of Oklahoma by appointment of Theodore Roosevelt. Frank Prantz was one of those Rough Riders who did not ride in battle but were all or many of them ridden into public office by aid of their former colonel. He was lieutenant under the famous Captain Ducky O'Neil and upon the death of that officer succeeded to the captainship. After the war he went to Oklahoma and speedily became a politician. He got a \$5,000 postmaster'ship and when Mr. Roosevelt became president aspired higher. He was appointed to the presidential governor of the territory not because he had any peculiar qualifications therefor but because he was a Rough Rider and a trusty supporter of Roosevelt republicanism. The people of the territory had nothing to say about it. There were 500,000 people in Oklahoma when he was appointed but one man put him in office. Naturally Mr. Prantz did not attach much importance to voters of voters.

I wish to emphasize on what he said to me recently. I asked what was the political character of the convention which adopted this constitution. There were one hundred and twelve delegates, he said, of whom one hundred were democrats.

Supposing the constitution is approved by the voters in the United States? I asked. Is it not probable that the next convention will be even more overwhelmingly democratic? Would a feeling in the two territories that in that position advantage has been taken at Washington? And if in other convention shall be constituted in the same way is this one what will you do then?

We would appeal to Washington again.

In other words the governor of Oklahoma appointed by the president looks to Washington to save him and his job from the vote of the people of the territory. He was here accompanied by a number of the best cited trial members of the republican party to plead for a continuance of the conditions under which nearly 1,000,000 people in the growing south western section are disfranchised, are given absolutely no voice in their own local affairs. They are governed as Porto Rico is governed. They are governed as England governs the people of India for the profit of a few favorites of the ruling class.

Governor Prantz was asked what objections he could make to the constitution as adopted by the delegates who were elected by the people of the territories instead of being appointed by a fence at ruler 10 miles away. He didn't like the proviso that corporations doing business in the state should become incorporated in the state. He thought the declaration of the initiative and referendum was entirely wrong but he heartily approved the submission of the prohibition plank in the constitution to the people. In other words he shielded the word referendum and yet he applauded the one immediate application of it.

ORDINANCE No. 181.

An Ordinance Providing for the Opening of the Streets and Alleys of the City of Ada, I. T., and the Prevention of the Obstruction thereof.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ADA, I. T.

SECTION 1.—That all the public streets and alleys of all parts of the CITY OF ADA shall be deemed a nuisance. And it shall be the duty of the City Marshal thereof to notify in writing the owner of such obstruction the person or persons in charge of such obstruction or responsible for its being in said streets or alleys to remove the same within ten days from the date of the service of said notice. And in case no owner of such obstruction can be found, and

no person responsible for the placing or allowing of such obstruction to remain in said streets a notice shall be published in some weekly paper published in said city of Ada, for three consecutive weeks warning the unknown owner or keeper of said obstruction to remove the same from the said streets within ten days from the last day of the publication of the said notice.

SECTION 4.—That in the event of any person firm or corporation having been first duly notified as herein before provided shall be found guilty of violating any of the provisions of this ordinance upon information or complaint filed before the Mayor of the said City of Ada shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined in any sum not to exceed TWENTY FIVE DOLLARS and for every day after the expiration of the ten days notice shall have expired any obstruction that shall remain in any of the said streets or alleys of the said city shall be taxed a penalty against the said obstruction the sum of FIVE DOLLARS per day which said penalty shall be a lien on the said obstruction until the said penalty is paid. And the city marshal afore said shall have the power and it shall be his duty to tear down and remove to the dumping ground of the said city any such obstruction and shall be paid therefor for the actual expense thus incurred out of the funds of the said City of Ada or if the obstruction be of any value it shall be sold to the highest bidder for cash at public sale after the marshal have given ten days notice of such sale by posting in three public places within the said city one of which places shall be the post-office thereof.

SECTION 5.—That nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the Mayor of the City of Ada with the consent of the majority of the Street Committee from extending the time in which to remove any obstruction from any of the streets or alleys of the said city when he believes the same cannot be removed within the required time without great inconvenience or waste to the owners or occupants thereof.

SECTION 6.—That provided however that fences enclosing sidewalks, when shade trees are not growing between 15th street and the City Limits on the south and between 7th street and the City Limits on the north shall be permitted for a period of two years from the passage of this ordinance.

SECTION 7.—That all former ordinances in conflict with this are hereby repealed.

SECTION 8.—That this ordinance shall go into force and effect after its passage and publication.

PASSED AND APPROVED this 17th day of June A. D. 1907.

C. O. Burton Mayor
Lasse Witten City Recorder
Published this 17th day of June 1907

GLEN OIL FIELDS ABLAZE

Started by Lightning the blaze Spreads \$100,000 Damage.

Fulsa I. T. June 24.—Fire Sunday in the Glen oil fields caused by lightning destroyed a 50,000 barrel tank full of oil on the Quaker Oil and Gas Company's lease two 1,600 barrel tanks on the Victoria Oil Company's lease and a 100,000 barrel lake of oil on Hammett & Crosby's lease. The blaze spreading from the wooden tanks fired the tank of oil. The total loss will amount to over \$100,000. Heavy damage from lightning is reported from Coddys Bluff, Ramona and other oil fields in the Cherokee Nation.

Nominated District Judge.

The News notes with gratification that Judge James R. Tolbert of Hobart, Okla., brother of our fellow townsman S. R. Tolbert and of the late J. B. Tolbert was nominated district judge of his district in the recent primaries. He holds the distinction of carrying every county in the district.

Money Made

In buying city lots, improved and unimproved. Now is the time to buy as property valuations are increasing daily. We can show you some fine bargains.

O. B. WEAVER AGENCY

R. O. WHEELER, Manager

OKLAHOMA DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

to the great principles of government advocated by the national democratic party upon which we believe the future welfare of this republic must depend.

We reaffirm our allegiance to that greatest living exponent of democratic principles William Jennings Bryan and endorse him for our presidential nominee in 1908.

We emphatically demand the reasonable and proper control of transportation and transmission companies and the supervision and control of all enterprises engaged in interstate commerce.

We favor the improvement of the waterways of the Missouri Valley and the establishment of water transportation wherever practicable throughout the union.

We believe that the patriotic elements of the republican party are no longer able to control or greatly influence that great political organism. We believe that the machinery in that party has fallen under the insidious influence of the great plutocratic powers and organized monopolies of this nation.

We denounce and condemn the national republican party for the lavish use of money belonging to the people of Oklahoma in the reclamation service in other states and pledge our members in our national congress to use their best efforts to require the reclamation service to use the money belonging to Oklahoma in Oklahoma.

We believe that the vast contributions of money by these special interests have given such interests such power over the republican party that a remedy for national conditions under which the people suffer is impossible through that party.

We appeal therefore to every good citizen who places patriotism above commercialism, happiness and the welfare of the great body of our producing classes above the enrichment of the few and who believe in local self government to join us in a holy crusade for the restoration to the people of their rights.

We enjoin upon the advocates of democracy that they trust with special respect those of our fellow citizens who by environment affiliation or by other reasons have heretofore affiliated with other parties and we urge them to use only sound argument in appealing to their reason and to use the force of courtesy and kindness in persuading them to join us in the great task of restoring to the American people their rights to the pursuit of happiness.

GETTING READY FOR BRYAN

Sulphur Preparing for a Big Day When the Commoner Comes.

Sulphur, I. T. —June 24.—Great and unusual preparations are being made for the coming of W. F. Bryan. Mr. Bryan will speak on the morning of June 26th at the opening of the Lipworth League Chautauque. Trains will be run on both the Santa Fe and the Missouri Pacific to get the people here in time for the great commoner's lecture which will begin at 10:30 Wednesday morning. An excursion will come down from Holdenville. Large crowds are coming in on every train and are taking rooms and cottages for the entire chautauque and for the 15th of July celebration which begins on the morning of the 3rd and closes on the night of the 6th.

MEXICAN IN DURANGO VILE.

Manuel Accused of Swiping Opera Glasses and Other Bricks-Brace.

Manuel Neoni is the name of the accused. Leopoldo Arrellana and Ramon Sanchez are the names of the witnesses—all obviously Mexicans. Manuel stands committed to the Ardmore jail in default of a \$1,000 bond set today by Judge Wilson after a hearing accorded him on a charge of grand larceny. The story goes Manuel stole a lot of clothes a watch opera glasses and other bric-a-brac out of a laborer's camp at Lawrence the other day. Lawrence is the name of the new station at the Cement Company's quarry south of town. With his goods Manuel made his way to Roff where he was apprehended by U. S. Deputy Ed Brents Saturday night.

To All Our Customers, And Others:

We have bought the W. S. Akers Meat Market and have moved it into our store and will handle all kinds of meats and would be pleased to have you give us a trial.

Phone 92 for Fresh Meats and Groceries

Duffal @ Price

CAPITOL
HILL
LOTS
ON
EASY
PAYMENT
PLAN

Capitol Hill

Acres will be best residence property. Close in; shade trees on every street

Beard & Blanks

Office 1st Door West Harris Hotel

(AN OLD AND ESTABLISHED HOUSE)

ARMSTRONG, BYRD & CO

OF OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA.

Have been established in the PIANO and ORGAN business in Oklahoma and Indian Territories for ten years. They are the largest music house in the Southwest, and carry a magnificent line of thirty-two of the best known and most reliable makes of Pianos. They sell from \$50.00 to \$75.00 cheaper than any other firm sell Pianos of the same grade and quality.

IF I THE MARKET FOR A PIANO FIGURE WITH THEM

The Long Distance Telephone

USE IT TODAY AND SAVE DELAY

Other ways of transacting your affairs cannot compare with it in HIGH VALUE LOW PRICE QUICK SERVICE

Is the comprehensive means of communication.

PIONEER TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO.

Telephone Directory.

The New Telephone Directory is being prepared for the Printer. We want your name to appear correctly. Any changes you desire, notify the Manager.

PIONEER TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO.

We keep a full line of prescription goods. We know how and can fill any prescription. We don't substitute. We deliver.

Crescent Drug Store

Dr. F. Z. Holley, Prop.

Pianos We have just received several late styles and would be glad to have you call and inspect.

Organs We can sell you a good organ from \$25 to \$100. \$5 down and \$2 per month. You'll have to hurry.

Sewing Machines A few high grade ball bearing White Sewing Machines at \$22.50 while they last.

Sheet Music We are receiving new music every day. Come and try it on our pianos. Tell us your music troubles. Let us reason together.

Matthews Music Co.

Main Street

Andrew Carnegie

Says the best way to accumulate money is to resolutely save and bank a fixed portion of your income, no matter how small the amount. Suppose you follow the advice of Carnegie who started in life poor and open an account with

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

PERSONAL MENTION

If you know it tell it or telephone it to The News. Keep in mind that the reporter is gifted with neither omniscience nor ubiquity.

R. L. Woodhouse was in Oklahoma yesterday.

D. C. McCarry was up from Tupelo over night.

Wm. J. Scotts of Lester was a Sunday visitor.

L. L. Smith and wife were here from Sapulpa today.

I. McNair, and Miss Lottle went to St. Louis yesterday.

J. S. Anderson and E. T. Riser were visitors from Woodford.

Jesse Shands was here from Madill with home folks yesterday.

J. G. Hall and wife, from Cotter, Ark., are guests at the Harris.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Swaffar were here from Stonewall for Sunday.

Jas. Casper, a cattleman from St. Joseph, Mo., is a visitor in the city.

Mrs. Orville Snead has returned home from a visit with relatives at Dougherty.

Mr. D. Kaplan, of Waco, Texas, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. I. Harris, on Thirteenth street and Broadway.

W. H. L. Campbell, who returned sick from Oklahoma City last week, is still indisposed, though able to be about some.

Mrs. A. Vogt will arrive from Basel, Switzerland, the first of next week. She was due to arrive today, but missed the steamer.

Mrs. Hiram Glass of Texarkana and Mrs. William Miller of Tishomingo arrived Sunday for a short visit with the family of Mrs. Glass' nephew, A. M. Gregg.

Don't fail to see that fire July 4th at Roff. The competing fire boys will make the race three-fourths of a mile after the house is set on fire. Several teams are expected to compete.

Carl Meadows has resigned his position as day clerk at the Harris. He is succeeded by P. C. Howe, formerly night clerk. Carl will accept employment with the steam laundry.

Two Deaths.

Samuel Dickey, the 13 year old stepson of Henry Collins, died at the home at Stonewall, Saturday. He was the boy who was accidentally shot several days ago. The remains were brought to Ada for interment Sunday.

The infant of Chas. Brown, residing on East Tenth street, died Saturday and was buried Sunday at Stonewall.

Chapman Brand Shoes

STRICTLY HIGH GRADE GUARANTEED PATENT

\$5

We have the finest line of Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes in Ada. You will get better satisfaction and save money in buying shoes at our exclusive shoe store.

CHAPMAN

The Shoe Man

STREET FAIR DELAYED A DAY.

Big Week's Amusement Will Begin Tuesday.

The numerous attaches of the G. W. Andrean Amusement Company arrived Sunday preparatory to putting on the big street fair in Ada this week.

Due to delayed arrival of much of the equipment from Atoka, where the amusement folk held out last week, it will be Tuesday before the tents can be erected and the carnival begin.

The vacant lots in front of the Harris Hotel have been secured for the fair.

These people come well recommended, and they guarantee clean up-to-date amusement.

In Mayor's Court.

Mayor Barton has a congested dock of these days. But he isn't able to dispose of the cases as rapidly as he would like. For instance the trial of a dusky damsel for vagrancy resulted in a hung jury this morning.

One Frankston pleaded guilty to fighting Saturday night, and promising to arrange to pay his fine speedily. The officers gave him a little liberty like learning, a little liberty is at times a dangerous thing. For Frank proceeded to hot foot the officers and gave them an hilarious chase as far as the cement works. He was brought back to town, irons were clamped on him, and he is now working on the streets. Also Uncle Dick filed a complaint against him for tearing up the cat-house during his confinement.

New Band Instructor.

The Ada Merchants Band boys are an energetic, persevering sort. They do not propose to let up on their practice until Ada has the crack band of the country. A new instructor, Mr. Frank Deal, late of Wynnewood, has been engaged and is now in the city ready to begin coaching his crew.

Gilbert Reed Very Low.

Gilbert Reed, who was taken sick in Oklahoma City a week ago, is reported very low today. Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Reed, his parents are both at his bedside. Mr. Reed phoned Dr. Brownall to come to Oklahoma City at once.

Likes The Pentecost Country.

O. C. Lyons, a capitalist from Des Moines, Iowa, and son, W. M. Lyons, are in the city. Mr. Lyons is so well impressed with the prospects of this country that he contemplates setting up his son in the instrument business at Ada.

Big Time in North Ada.

Rev. Hampton of Pauls Valley, who is conducting the revival in North Ada preached two strong sermons to large congregations. There were four additions at the two services yesterday. The meetings will continue throughout the week and everybody is invited to be present.

Blue Lodge Election.

Ada Lodge No. 95 A. F. & A. M. held its regular annual election of officers Saturday night. These are the officers chosen for the ensuing year: Chas. Little, W. M.; T. D. McKeown, S. W.; E. H. McKendree, J. W.; S. M. Torbett, Treasurer; C. A. Powers, Secretary.

Miss Jernigan to Leave.

Miss Mollie Jernigan, cousin to The News and for more than two years a most valuable assistant in the office, has resigned her position and next Monday will depart for her old Kentucky home whither her sister, Mrs. S. J. Martin removed some weeks ago. The News regrets to lose her; so will the town, for she has the highest esteem of everybody that knows her.

Fierce War on Liquor.

Office Deputy U. S. Marshal Brents states he has filed 13 complaints during the last two day against parties for selling booze.

Washout on Frisco.

This morning's Frisco was eight hours late on account of a bad washout which occurred early in the morning about 40 miles east of Sapulpa.

Marriage Licenses.

N. L. Self, 23, and May Thurman, 19, Maxwell. Geo. W. Doty, 27, and Jennie Pernell, 18, Palmer.

Wright and Berry, tailors, next door to postoffice, for high class work. 48-49

John McCoy has returned from a trip through southwest Texas for his health. He and his family seem much improved.

Let us eat, drink and be merry. With never a thought of ache or pain.

Let us forget every sorrow that might be.

For we still have Rocky Mountain Tea. Sold at Ramsey's Drug Store.

While it is said every thing is going up look at our

REDUCTIONS

Granite Wash pans, the kind usually sold at 20c this week at 5c each.

See our cut prices on Ball Mason Fruit Jars. Pints 59c a doz.; quarts 69c a doz.; half gallons 79c a doz.

Extra Jar Caps and Rubber porcelain lined 25c a doz.

Extra Jar Rubbers 5c a doz. Extra heavy jar rubbers 9c per doz.

Jelly Glasses—We have two sizes, 1/2 pints 30c per doz. 3/4 pints 25c per doz.

When you want glassware, queensware, enameledware, tinware, etc., come to see us.

Stoneware—Crocks and jars. Buy all you want here at 5c per gallon.

See our new line of Laces, only 5c per yard.

Handkerchiefs—Extra values in ladies' and gents' handkerchiefs, 5c and 10c.

Umbrellas—For ladies and gents, imitation silk, extra values for \$1.00.

Gloves—We wish to call your attention to our line of gloves. Ladies' mercerized gloves in black, white and colors, 30c a pair.

Saturday Extra Special—We are going to sell while they last another lot of those good four-strand brooms at 10c each. Sold with 25c worth of other goods, one to a customer. Come and see

The Nickel Store and China Hall.

The 5c and 10c Store of Ad a S. M. SHAW, Prop.

Roughly Handled.

E. F. Fullingame, of near Knox, was waiting on the sidewalk Saturday night to be summoned for the initiation in the Masonic lodge.

A drunken fellow came along and with warning attacked Fullingame. When the fight was over the latter found he had a badly chewed up thumb. It is said his assailant in his muddled condition mistook Mr. Fullingame for another man.

Then Mr. F. had to run the gauntlet of the Blue Lodge, and it is not reported that the rigors of the initiation were relaxed to any extent in his case, notwithstanding he had already been roughly handled.

Cassidy to Preach.

Rev. Mike Cassidy of this city closed a revival at Temple, Texas, Sunday evening and will arrive in Ada today to assist Rev. Rippey in the Methodist revival now in progress here. Bro. Cassidy is an able man and some good doctrine is expected from the pulpit. At the service yesterday morning there were six additions and another at the evening service. The evening congregation was large and listened to a splendid sermon by the pastor. The text was "And Lot Pitched His Tent Toward Sodom." Prof. Fenton, who conducted the song service at the beginning of the revival, has tendered his valuable services for this week.

Ada tailoring and cleaning works east of postoffice. 48-49

Notice of Sale.

United States of America, Indian Territory, Southern District, ss:

Whereas, on the 12th day of August, A. D. 1905, to secure the payment of their four promissory notes of that date of the sum of \$22.50 each, payable to the order of Walter B. Paschall, as follows: One February 1st, 1906, one August 1st, 1906, one February 1st, 1907, and one August 1st, 1907, all bearing interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from maturity until paid, Robert M. Cummings and Allie B. Cummings, of Ada, Indian Territory, made, executed and delivered to the said Walter B. Paschall a mortgage on the following described property, located in the city of Ada, Chickasaw Nation, Southern District of the Indian Territory, to-wit:

Lot ten (10) and the east half of lot nine (9) of block twelve (12) of Daggs Addition to the City of Ada, as shown by the official plat and survey thereof, together with all the improvements thereon and the appurtenances thereunto belonging and,

Whereas, it was especially understood and agreed between the parties thereto, and so expressed in said mortgage, that in event of default being made in the payment of any one of said notes when due, the said Walter

WANT COLUMN

Want ads in the News are sure to bring results. 47

Lost—A new, ivory handled, 45 Coits, long barrel, election six shooter. Liberal reward. Return to News.

FOR SALE—By O. B. Weaver good residence and business property at "paw broker prices."

WANTED—Young man or boy to solicit circulation for the Daily and Weekly News. Apply to Business manager News. 47

WANTED—First-class board and room in private family by couple without children. References furnished. Address postoffice box No. 196.

WANTED—Furnished cottage or rooms for housekeeping. State location and price. References furnished. Address postoffice box No. 196.

WANTED—Position by a young lady with a thorough knowledge of stenography and bookkeeping. Neat and correct in her work. Inquire at this office. 48

FOR SALE—By O. B. Weaver improved and unimproved, both business and residence property, at a "hard up" bargain.

WANTED—Position, by young man not afraid of work. Phone No. 4. Orel Harper. 51 2-4

B. Paschall, or the then legal owner and holder of said notes, were given the option and the right to declare all said notes due and payable, and to sell the property, or any part thereof, at public sale to the highest bidder for cash, at the then front Court House door, at Ada, Indian Territory, after giving thirty days notice of the time, place and terms of sale, by publication of notice thereof for thirty days in some newspaper published or of general circulation in said city and Territory, or by printed or written hand bills posted in ten public places in the vicinity of said land, and to apply the proceeds of such sale, first to the payment of all costs, and expenses attending said sale, second to the payment of said debts and interest, and the remainder, if any, to be paid to the said Robert M. Cummings and Allie B. Cummings, their order or assigns, and,

Whereas, the said Robert M. Cummings and Allie B. Cummings failed to pay the second and third of said notes at maturity, or any part thereof, either principal or interest, and the said Walter B. Paschall, the owner and holder of said notes, has therefore, as authorized in said mortgage, declared all said indebtedness due, Now,

Therefore, KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:

That I, Walter B. Paschall, mortgagee aforesaid, for and in consideration and by virtue of the foregoing, will, on Tuesday, the 23rd day of July, A. D. 1907, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. at the front door of the Court House of the United States Court, at Ada, Southern District of the Indian Territory, sell to the highest bidder for cash to be paid at said time, all of said property above described, for the purpose authorized by said mortgage which will be free from redemption, appraisement and dower. However, said property will be sold subject to a prior mortgage in favor of the Denning Investment Company given to secure the principal sum of \$300.00 and interest thereon. Witness my hand on this 22nd day of June, A. D. 1907.

Walter B. Paschall, Mortgagee.

First published June 22nd, 1907. 80-11. D-11.

Are You Insured?

IF NOT, WHY NOT?

Hicks predicts tornadoes during the summer and fires are liable to occur at any time. Therefore you had better prepare yourself against loss by insuring in old reliable companies.

AT

O. B. WEAVER AGENCY

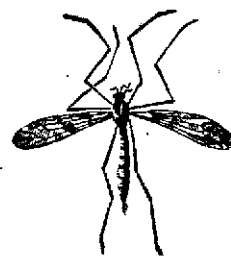
R. O. WHEELER, Manager

When hot and tired and thirsty just stop at Ramsey's and make a noise like

ORANGEADE, Only 5c, Try It.

RAMSEY'S DRUG STORE

WHAT IS IT?



AT

Gwin, Mays & Co.

THE DRUGGISTS.

"We run a drug store and nothing more."

Free Lecture.

Hon. John A. Bright national lecturer for the Improved Order of Redmen will deliver a free lecture on Redman ship at the court house, in Ada, on the evening of June 25, 1907, under the auspices of Geromimo, Tribe No. 18, Improved Order of Redmen. Everybody, the ladies especially, are cordially invited. Come out and hear him and spend a pleasant evening. You will be amply repaid for your trouble. Mr. Bright always slugs at the close of his lecture. It is all free.

J. D. Looper,

F. M. Vanlewen,

Committee.

It goes to the roots of disease, invigorates, strengthens, exhilarates. Its life producing properties are not contained in any other known remedy. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Tea or Tablets, 35 cents. Sold at Ramsey's Drug Store.

NEW FRISCO TIME CARD

The following new time card is now in effect.

TIME TABLE.

North Bound.

No. 512—Eastern Express. 9:35 a. m.
No. 610—Meteor. 4:55 p. m.
No. 504—St. Louis and Kansas City Passenger. 11:43 p. m.

South Bound.

No. 509—Meteor. 9:00 a. m.
No. 611—Texas Passenger. 8:23 p. m.
No. 615—Sherman Express. 3:05 a. m.

CASH

Is what you want every day. Without you are at the mercy of others when sickness and old age comes. Sign a declaration of independence for yourself by starting a savings account with a dollar or two today with the

Ada National Bank

LEADING PROFESSIONAL MEN

FURMAN & CROXTON
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice.
Office in Duncan Building.

C. A. Galbraith Tom D. McKeown
GALBRAITH & McKEOWN
LAWYERS
Over Citizens National Bank
Ada, Ind. Ter.

DR. H. T. SAFFABRANS
Dentist
In Freeman Bldg. Ada, I. T.

T. H. Granger B. H. Erb
GRANGER & ERB
DENTISTS
Rooms 1, 2 and 3 1st Nat'l Bank B'ldg.

DR. T. W. CHADWICK,
VETERINARY SURGEON AND DENTIST.
Is now located at
the Texas Wagon Yard.
Examination free.
Residence phone 305; Office phone 304.

We don't care if you are skeptical. We don't care if you have no confidence. It makes no difference to us. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do the work or no pay—that's fair. 35 cents. Sold at Ramsey's Drug Store.

HOLLISTER'S Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets

A Busy Medicine for Busy People. Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor. A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Headache, Stomachic Bowels, Headache and Backache. Its Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis. GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

BIG C MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big C for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painful, and not irritating or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for \$1.00, or a bottle \$2.75. Circular sent on request.

THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE

Hereby is announced the Masco Drug Co., a candidate for the most popular drug store in Pontotoc county, subject to the action and approval of all the people who want PURE DRUGS, HONEST PRICES, and a square deal. And this candidate will be an easy winner.

ADA STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

Is given up to be best. Do Largest Agency Work of any plant in this Territory.

Want A Bath?

Then get a good clean one, Hot or Cold, at High & Litzman's Barber Shop, next door to English Kitchen.



When you want to enjoy a good appetizing meal at a moderate charge, come to the

English Kitchen

Everything strictly first class and clean. Once you eat here you'll become a regular patron.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure by local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proved catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circular and testimonials. Address: F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Takes Hall's Family pills for Constipation.



A Whole Town Waiting at the Church

Danville, Ill.—Spinsters and bachelor maids of this "Uncle Joe" Cannon's home town, have joined hands in a common cause.

They want the town bachelors taxed. Furthermore, they want the tax graduated according to age. The older the man, the bigger the tax, demand the unwedded women of Danville. And, what's more, this is no idle dream; they have drafted their demands in black and white, and it is now before the common council of the town in the form of a proposed ordinance.

Literally, it is a case of pretty much the whole unmarried female population of the town waiting at the church.

In Danville they have a delicate line drawn between spinsters and bachelor maids. A spinster, according to Danville definition, is one who is a maiden because she can't help it. A bachelor maid is a maiden because she wants to be.

But be that as it may, all distinctions have been cast to the winds. Those that can't and those that won't alike demand that bachelors be taxed, and the longer the eligible one remains a bachelor the bigger his tax mounts up, year after year.

There is no anonymity about the thing, either. Old maids and budding debutantes have signed their names in black and white to the petition.

Stirs Up City Officers.

Of course, the petition upset the city officers. A meeting was hurriedly called by Mayor John H. Lewman, City Clerk John Torrance, Fire Chief G. W. Bridges and Councilmen Clarence T. Brittingham, John H. Harrison, Joseph Mies, Samuel Strauss, Michael S. Plant, Dr. C. H. Evans, Clarence Baum and several other prominent citizens attended. Speaker Cannon was invited, but his Washington duties kept him away.

The matter was carefully gone over. The pros and cons were put forward. Married men and bachelors and one divorced man gave their opinions.

"Remember, gentlemen," counseled the mayor, "it is a very serious matter and a very delicate one, which demands our most patient attention. I dread to think what might happen should we take a wrong stand in the premises."

Committee Chosen.

Finally the whole proposition was left to a committee, of which all were to be bachelors and a majority lawyers. This committee of experts was carefully chosen from among the most popular bachelors of the town, in order that everybody might be sure of having a fair show. It consisted of Court Stenographer Harry Brittingham, Circuit Clerk John W. Harger and Attorneys Thomas A. Graham, M. F. Keegan, William H. Dwyer and Ray F. Barnett. After careful consideration they decided to issue a statement to the expectant unmarried members of the gentler sex.

They took the bull by the horns. In a word, they demanded that before action be taken they have the privilege of meeting the petitioners. Here is the bachelors' official reply to the proposition for an ordinance providing for a graduated bachelor tax for the unwedded adult male population of Danville:

"We, the single men of Danville, would like to make the acquaintance of the unmarried women of this community who are so much interested in us. We would like the privilege of petitioning the city council, as a matter of self-defense while awaiting further moves of the enemy, to enact an ordinance taxing these unmarried women of Danville \$50 for each time they turn one of us down, not because we feel aggrieved or wish to get married, but as a matter of protection.

Retaliatory Proposition.

"The above appears to be a fair proposition. If the unmarried women of this city who are behind this movement against our peace of mind are so earnest and have a grain of human sympathy, they will meet our propositions fairly and squarely. It is up to them to do so, and we don't think they will evade the self-imposed responsibility."

This didn't pour oil upon the troubled waters of Danville's spinsterhood at all.

"There isn't a peg on which to hang a single romance," sneered one elderly maiden, "let alone hundreds of romances. Let's reply to them, girls!"

"Let's!" chorused spinsters and bachelor maids, all in one breath.

And after a week this volley of hot

shot was turned loose upon the enemy's camp:

"We have read the reply of the Danville bachelors to our appeal to the city council, in which they make a counter proposition to tax us \$50 for every time we turn them down. We are willing to agree to this provided they will agree that the following proposition is a correct position for us to take:

"Objects" That Are Barred.

"We do not propose to turn down any of them because they are ugly of face, but when one of them comes around to see us, fastened to the end of a big cigar, having not the slightest semblance to a man, and who has the appearance of not being able to support himself, much less a wife—then, out he goes."

"One would think by the comments in relation to this matter that there is such a thing as a matrimonial tree, and all that any girl wanting a husband must do it to shake the tree and down comes a helpmeet."

Laying aside the thought of such a ridiculous proposition, we desire to present the facts. We wish to say frankly that we feel rebellious against the fate that forces us into the commercial world, where we must go of necessity in order that we may earn a living. Not a day passes that we do not feel that nameless longing—a yearning for protection, for shelter, for a good husband's tender care and solicitude.

"How we hate the noise, bustle and worry of the commercial life! How we hate the competition, the clamor, the drudgery, incumbent upon us who must go through life alone, battling every day against a cold and heartless world in an effort to earn our daily bread!"

"Every finer instinct in us cries out against the coarse, rude life of the business world. Women, and only women, possess warm hearts which have depths and heights of feeling that a man can never hope to understand and which many of our gender are too sensitive to admit."

Thus did the spinster souls of Danville's maidenhood lay themselves bare to all the world.

Results have already followed. Bachelors who golfed with other bachelors last year are golfing in mixed fountains this season. Bachelors who went to dinners and dances and teas during the winter months with no further idea that their fair friends thought of anything more serious than the latest mode in dresses or the daintiest confection in headgear have had their eyes opened.

Cupid Will Be Kept Busy.

Within a short time many sweet secrets may be confessed. It is freely predicted that if the social upheaval crystallizes into an ordinance providing for a bachelor tax, the crop of autumn and winter brides will heat all records.

Things have gone so far now that City Clerk John Torrance, dean of Danville bachelorhood, has been threatened with social and political ostracism unless he takes a wife. But he has escaped from both by large majorities, much to the joy of his cronies of the clubs. Now he has come out with what is both a suggestion and a challenge.

"The old maids have taken us by surprise," said he. "We were of the opinion they were all more than satisfied with their condition. In fact, several of the boys have complained that they have been adopted as 'brothers' by our fairest spinsters, in lieu of a closer alliance. We have bombarded them for years with candy, flowers, theater tickets, dances, moonlight rides and proposals of marriage, but not one of us has succeeded in getting them interested in matrimonial matters. Now that they have confessed a desire to obtain homes and husbands, I don't believe the bachelors will be found slow by any means."

Suggests Club for Girls.

"My experience has shown me that we who have our clubs are more at home in them than in the drawing-rooms of these girls, who have appeared human icicles, notwithstanding our most ardent campaigns. I would suggest that the bachelor girls also form a club, and that their rooms contain a reception or billing and cooing room where their friends can spend a pleasant hour occasionally, becoming acquainted with those who desire to be brides."

"Of course, I don't want you to think we are over-anxious to get married, but on behalf of the bachelors of

DIVERSITY IN SLEEVES.

As in the Case of Skirts, There Are All Sorts and Conditions.

There is wide diversity in the treatment of fashionable sleeves; in fact, it is a question whether or not they are more varied than skirts, for the best models among the latter are limited to six or seven styles. Not so with sleeves, however, which are as numerous in shape and design almost as the patterns of lace which adorn them. The open bell sleeve is a favorite model for dressy tailored suits, especially as designed for forenoon wear. The opening is usually bound with embroidery, lace or braid and underneath appears the sleeve of the blouse or guimpe.

One of the very smartest of the new sleeves has a long, tight undersleeve, with a "loop" extension at the inside, the outer sleeve being formed of rows of lace ruffles. The "loop" is a feature of many of the new sleeves on French frocks and makes a charmingly chic effect.

The fancy panamas used for dressy tailor-mades are so designed that they tempt one to the unique in sleeve effects. They combine the newest colorings with the last words in patterns, and, in addition, can be well handled by the average tailor. They are sufficiently cool and dust-resisting to make them a reliable fabric for spring and summer, while their cost is by no means extravagant. A gown in black and white striped panama exhibited in the Rue de la Paix this week was sufficiently striking to be picked out from a group of new models for especial admiration. The skirt is cut plain and touches the ground all around; whatever the fashion authorities of New York and London may say about the walking skirt's predominance, it certainly does not go in Paris for dressy occasions. Around the bottom of the skirt in question there is a fold of liberty satin, with a piping of plaited foulard on either side of the satin band.

TO TEMPT THE PALATE.

Raisin Pie.—One cup raisins, two cups water, two eggs, three teaspoonsful cornstarch, one and one-half of ginger, juice of two lemons.

Blanc Manger.—A pretty effect may be gained by molding white blanc manger in egg cups (arranging the molds in a circle, raising the center one), and garnishing the dish with strawberries and their leaves.

Cream Pie.—Bake under crust when convenient. Put in double boiler one pint milk, three tablespoons sugar, one tablespoon (apococa, yolk of one egg, flavor to taste, when thick as custard, and add well beaten white of one egg. When cool add to your crust.

Mocha Tart.—Beat seven eggs separately, add one cup of confectioner's sugar, one cup of pulverized graham crackers and one teaspoonful of vanilla extract, and bake in layers. When cold whip one-half pint of cream, add two tablespoonsful of coffee extract and the same amount of confectioner's sugar. Place between layers and on top.

Indian Fruit Punch.—Holl a pound of sugar, a quart of water and the grated yellow rind of a lemon five minutes and strain. Add a teaspoonful of bitter almond extract, the juice of three lemons, a teaspoonful of vanilla and two cupfuls of strong tea. When very cold add ice and a pint of effervescent or plain water.

Strawberry Pie.—Put a good crust on a pie plate and brush it over with the white of an egg. In measuring ingredients allow half as much sugar as berries, and one-fourth as much flour as sugar. Mix sugar and flour together. Arrange berries and sugar in alternate layers on the crust. Cover the top with inch strips of pastry which cross each other and are pressed down where they touch the under crust. Bake in a quick oven.

Fried Onions.

As usually served, fried onions are a delusion and a snare, but cooked in the Kenilworth ranch way it will be a rare thing if they go begging. Cut in slices and soak in milk ten minutes. Then dip in flour and immerse in boiling fat, hot enough to brown instantly. You can no' keep the slices whole, after they have fried six or seven minutes. Take out with a skimmer, lay on brown paper a few moments to absorb every suspicion of fat and serve with steak or veal cutlets. They will be firm and thoroughly delicious.

Home-Made Perfume.

A pleasant perfume for clothes is made by mixing one ounce each of cloves, caraway seed, nutmeg, cinnamon and Tonquin beans, ground or beaten to a powder. Put this mixture in a number of little bags, and place them among the woollen clothes that are put away for the summer. It is said to be an excellent moth preventive also.

Green Pea Soup.

Press through a colander one can of green peas. Add to this two cups of water, one teaspoonful of salt and one heaping tablespoonful of coconut butter. Cook in a double boiler until the butter is melted. Dried peas may be used by first cooking until tender, then pressing through a colander.

Removing Cream Stains.

Milk and cream stains can be removed from linen cloths by washing the stains first with cold water and soap, then in the usual manner. Boil in water in which soda, in the proportion of one tablespoonful to three gallons of water, has been dissolved, and rinse thoroughly.

NEWS OF THE LABOR WORLD

New York city pays in salaries to its more than 50,000 servants \$132 each minute in the day.

Nantes, France.—M. Yvete, a delegate to the General Federation of Labor, was arrested on a charge of inviting law breaking when addressing strikers. He is alleged to have invited the men to "cut buttonholes" in their opponents.

Chicago.—A demand for an increase of 12½ cents an hour has been made by the Freight Handlers' union to 23 railroads entering the city. All of the roads are not affected, as in some freighthouses the laborers are not organized. In addition to the increase asked the men demand time and a half for overtime put in and double time for Sunday work.

Coatesville, Pa.—Over \$50,000 in coin, or as much as one horse could haul, was paid out by the Lukens Steel and Iron company here by a new system. A machine to make up the pay roll has been installed. Only specie can be arranged in the new process of making up the envelopes, and, as a result, the employees were paid off in gold and silver.

Toledo, O.—One of the most important matters considered by the Amalgamated convention was a resolution to change the due system from a grade to a percentage basis. At present the members pay into the national lodge as follows: On a \$2.50 wage per day or under, 60 cents per month; \$2.50 to \$5, 80 cents per month, and on everything over \$5, an assessment of \$1 per month.

A strike of quarrymen in Lemont, Ill., who demand two and one-half cents an hour increase, forced six quarries to practically cease operations. Nearly 1,000 laborers were affected by the walkout and the steep may affect the building of the drainage canal at Lockport. Twenty-five employees of the Lincoln park board quit work in sympathy when they heard of the strike. The men were engaged in loading wagons with stone to be used for filling-in purposes.

Jeffersonville, Ind.—Following an advance in the wages of laborers at the local supply depot of the quartermaster's department to \$50 a month from a former \$40 and \$45, there comes a demand from the women who are employed to sew at the depot for a like increase. At the present time bundles of blouses are being given out, each bundle containing eight garments, for which the sum of \$2.80 is paid, while the work has to be perfect in every detail. Formerly the same work brought three dollars, and other articles have also been reduced recently, canvas overalls from \$3.60 to \$2.80 and flannel shirts from four dollars a bundle to \$2.80.

Milwaukee.—What is declared by the foundrymen of this city to be the end of the molders' strike, which originated last May, came when Judge Sanborn in the United States court declared that a permanent injunction should issue against the striking molders of the Allis-Chalmers company. This injunction restrains them from disturbing the corporation, forbids picketing absolutely, forbids visits of strikers to houses of non-union men for purposes of persuasion and stops all interference with the rights of the Allis-Chalmers company. Picketing of any nature is held by the court to be in the nature of a conspiracy to injure the plaintiff's business.

Chicago.—The 150 steam pipe and boiler fitters who struck May 1 for an increase in wages have been notified that the will never be reemployed. "You are discharged forever," was the notice sent the strikers. The latter are affiliated with the Associated Building Trades. A committee has been appointed by the board of business agents of the building trades to investigate the failure of fire proofing companies to properly safeguard employees by installing temporary floors.

The Wakamatsu iron and steel works, under Japanese imperial control, are nearing completion at a total cost of \$20,000,000. An evidence of Japanese economy the official salaries are noticeable. The president gets \$2,000 a year, the chief expert \$1,500, the two managers \$1,000 each, eight experts averaging \$800 each and 30 clerks and 40 assistants have an average monthly wage of \$15. All the principal machinery appears to be English and German makes, except the electric cranes, which are American made, as also is a fair share of the minor machinery. The works and the workers' houses cover 350 acres.

San Francisco.—A fearful labor war nearly was precipitated when the declaration of the open shop, a lockout and a fight to the death with unions was considered by builders and contractors at a conference. Conservatism finally won out and it was agreed to appoint a committee to treat with the unions with a view of insuring peace for at least a year, that the work of reconstructing the destroyed portions of the city could proceed. Several speakers had urged immediate war and cessation of operations until the open shop was established.

Joliet, Ill.—Employees of the Elgin, Joliet & Eastern and the Chicago, Lake Shore & Eastern railroad, which are owned by the United States Steel Corporation, were surprised to receive notice that their wages, dating from May 1, had been raised. The skilled employees get an increase of 30 cents a day, and the common laborers 15 cents a day. This applies to employees in the yards and shops, as well as on the roads. About 1,000 men are affected. The action of the companies means an addition of \$55,000 a year to the pay roll.

Omaha, Neb.—E. F. Ptacek, a clerk in the Railway Mail Service, has worked steadily during the last 18 months, with an average of but two hours' sleep a day. His home is at Kearney, and his run is on a mixed train between that town and Callaway, a distance of 67 miles. Owing to heavy traffic this train is usually late. The postal clerk leaves Kearney at three o'clock in the morning, and it is rare that he gets back till late in the night. It frequently happens that he is in his home but a single hour, when he is called out again to take his run. Once in a while he gets from three to four hours' rest in his bed. It is a matter of record that for the last year and a half he has not had an average of more than two hours' sleep a day. As a result of the strain to which this loss of sleep has subjected him, he has grown very thin and exceedingly nervous, and physicians tell him that unless he takes a thorough rest he will within a few weeks be a complete mental and physical wreck. Not only has Ptacek got along for a year and a half on two hours' sleep a day, but he has gone without his breakfast and supper, and frequently has eaten only a sandwich and a piece of pie and drank a cup of coffee at dinner time. The train ran so he could not get breakfast, and he got home so late he cared not for supper.

Pittsburg.—Pittsburg is to have a Union Labor Temple, erected at a cost approximating \$250,000, if the present plans of the incorporators of the Union Labor Temple company are carried out. A charter was granted to the company on Monday. Its object is to erect a labor union building in a central part of the city. The company was incorporated through its attorney, James Byron Drew, with a capital of \$50,000. The officers are: James L. Quigg, president; Simon Burns, formerly of the Window Glass workers, vice president; Thomas L. Slater treasurer, and James Galbraith, secretary. Other labor leaders whose names appeared in the application for the charter are: John Fernau, Frank E. Smith and Henry Leghlightner. As soon as the present capital stock is sold it is intended to increase the capitalization to \$100,000 and from this gradually to about \$250,000. Attorney Drew stated that the building, if erected, would be patterned after the Labor Union Temple at Montreal, Canada. The first floor would be occupied by a number of store rooms. Above will be offices, while the two top floors will be set apart for lodge rooms and a large auditorium. There is a whisper in labor circles that the incorporators would endeavor to get the government to grant them a portion of the wharf property immediately adjoining the Smithfield street bridge, on the west side of the structure. What argument they would advance to secure such a site is not stated.

Paterson, N. J.—Because they have been denied the privilege of bringing beer into the shops during working hours, and also because the company refused to discharge an unpopular foreman, 250 men employed in the blacksmith shop of the Rogers Locomotive works walked out. One of the first acts of the new foreman, George Browne, was to post notice that no beer be brought into the works and that the men were not to leave the shops during the work hours to visit saloons.

Chicago.—P. J. Dolan, general secretary and treasurer of the International Brotherhood of Steamshovelers and Dredgemen, in an interview denied recent published reports that a strike of shovel men and dredgemen working on the Panama canal had been called officially. "Some shovel men have quit because they were dissatisfied," said Mr. Dolan, "but no strike has been called. You may say no strike will be called at present. We realize that while we must uphold the rights of labor, we must remember that we are a factor in something of patriotic concern, and will do our full duty as citizens."

San Francisco.—All the electricians in the employ of the United Railroads struck in sympathy with the striking car men. There is direct authority for the statement that the electricians, employed by the San Francisco Gas & Electric company will not strike, as to do so would be breaking the union's contract with the corporation.

Detroit, Mich.—By a small majority the striking shipbuilders of the Ecotie plant of the Great Lakes Engineering works voted at a meeting to return to work under the old conditions which prevailed before the strike.